## **Engineering Design File**

## Streamlined Risk Assessment for the CPP-603 EE/CA



Form 412.14 10/9/2003 Rev. 05

#### **ENGINEERING DESIGN FILE**

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Building CPP-603A in the southern part of the Idaho Nuclear Technology and Engineering Center (INTEC) will be deactivated and decontaminated by the Voluntary Consent Order/Deactivation, Decontamination, and Decommissioning service teams. The primary objectives of this streamlined risk assessment are to (a) show whether leaving the currently estimated contaminant inventories in place would be acceptable and (b) calculate the amount of waste that can be left in CPP-603A without posing an unacceptable risk or hazard to human health. For this report, allowable residual contaminant inventory is the term used to represent the residual inventory that can remain in the CPP-603A facility after closure without a predicted future aquifer concentration above some limiting risk value or maximum contaminant level.  Based on this streamlined risk assessment, filling with soil or grouting of the basins and canals while leaving all current source inventory in place results in predicted groundwater concentrations that meet the required performance criteria. For groundwater, the performance criterion is to prevent migration of contaminants from the CPP-603A basins that would cause the Snake River Plain Aquifer, located outside the INTEC security fence, to exceed a cumulative carcinogenic risk level of 1 x 10 <sup>-4</sup> , a total								d in thout ng nile neet ion ed					
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#### **ACRONYMS**

ARC allowable residual contamination

CERCLA Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act

CFR Code of Federal Regulations

COPC contaminant of potential concern

CPP Chemical Processing Plant

EDF engineering design file

EE/CA engineering evaluation/cost assessment

ICDF INEEL CERCLA Disposal Facility

INEEL Idaho National Engineering and Environmental Laboratory

INTEC Idaho Nuclear Technology and Engineering Center

MCL maximum contaminant level

NA not available

NCRP National Council on Radiation Protection

RI/BRA remedial investigation/baseline risk assessment

SHADO small high-activity debris object

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## Streamlined Risk Assessment for the CPP-603 EE/CA

#### 1. INTRODUCTION

Building CPP-603A in the southern part of the Idaho Nuclear Technology and Engineering Center (INTEC) will be deactivated and decontaminated by the Voluntary Consent Order/Deactivation, Decontamination, and Decommissioning service teams. The location of INTEC and the CPP-603A facility are shown in Figures 1-1, 1-2, and 1-3. CPP-603A is referred to as the Fuel Receipt and Storage Facility. This engineering design file (EDF) was written to support the CPP-603A streamline risk assessment in the engineering evaluation/cost analysis (EE/CA) for the CPP-603A (DOE-ID 2004). This is a Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA) removal action that is not time critical.

The primary objectives of this streamlined risk assessment are to (a) show whether leaving the currently estimated contaminant inventories in place would be acceptable and (b) calculate the amount of waste that can be left in CPP-603A without posing an unacceptable risk or hazard to human health. For this report, allowable residual contaminant (ARC) inventory is the term used to represent the residual inventory that can remain in the CPP-603A facility after closure without a predicted aquifer concentration above some limiting risk value or maximum contaminant level (MCL).

This report does not directly address the potential for cumulative risk; however, based on this analysis, the predicted risk associated with leaving all of the CPP-603A materials in place and either filling the basins with soils or grout is very low. The risk is sufficiently low that risk from contamination in the CPP-603A basins cannot significantly contribute to a cumulative risk at INTEC.

A conservative evaluation of the potential contribution from contaminated soils in the vicinity of CPP-603A has been documented in "Soil Contamination Groundwater Pathway Risk Assessment for the CPP-603A EE/CA" (EDF-4489). Based on the evaluation, the contaminated soils are not predicted to be a significant risk contributor to the total risk from CPP-603 or the cumulative risk at INTEC. The remainder of this EDF will be devoted strictly to CPP-603.

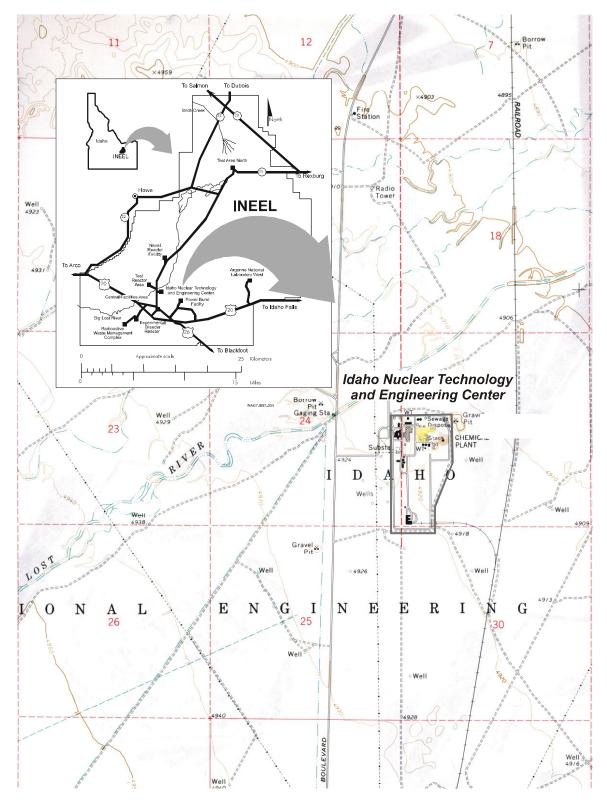


Figure 1-1. Location of the Idaho Nuclear Technology and Engineering Center and the Idaho National Engineering and Environmental Laboratory.

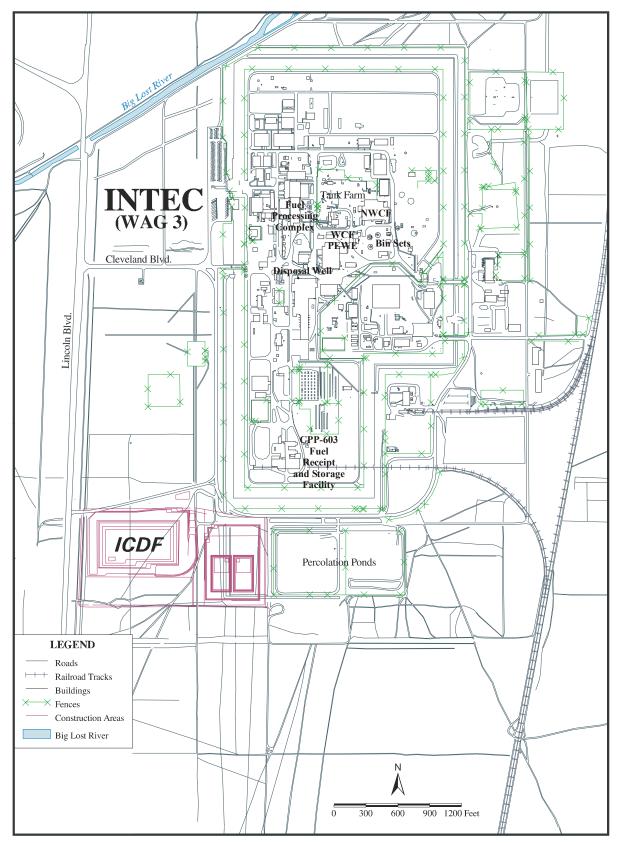


Figure 1-2. Plan view of the Idaho Nuclear Technology and Engineering Center.

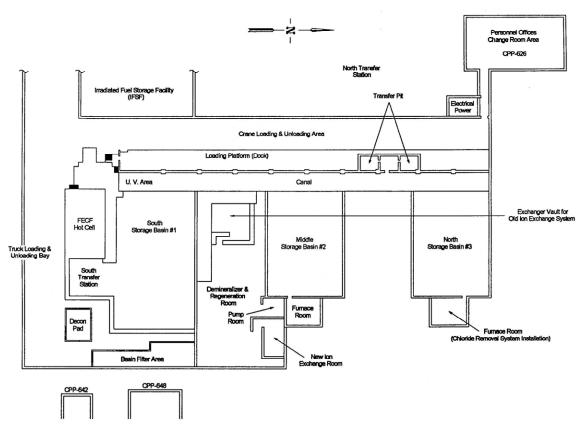


Figure 1-3. Plan view of a portion of the CPP-603 building, showing the basins.

#### 2. ANALYTICAL DATA AND BASIN INVENTORY

The characterization of contaminants in the CPP-603A basins has been a topic of interest for some time. In 1993, sludge was sampled from the south basin. In 1994, sludge samples were collected from locations throughout the three basins. Four composite samples were analyzed. The analysis included both radionuclides and nonradionuclides. Analyses for bulk density or particle size distribution were not performed. The results of this sampling and analysis program were used in previous CPP-603A risk assessment analyses (EDF-1962 and EDF-3684).

Laboratory analyses of the 1993 and 1994 samples indicated the presence of silicon, aluminum, and iron as major constituents. The high proportion of silicon and aluminum seems to indicate that a large fraction of the sludge is soil particulate that has blown into the building. Sample analyses did not indicate the presence of a significant amount of neutron poisons such as boron, cadmium, or chlorine. However, sampling results identified cadmium in a concentration above 1 mg/kg. It was estimated that approximately 5.6 kg (12.4 lb) of U-235 was contained in the sludge distributed over the basin floor area (Demmer 1996a, 1996b).

To develop a more accurate estimate of the radionuclide inventory in the basins, a number of studies have been performed in recent years. In particular, sludge samples were taken in late 2002, and water samples were taken in June 2003.

The potential contaminant sources in the CPP-603A basins and the inclusion of the inventory in the EE/CA streamlined risk assessment are discussed below. The inventory has been divided into the following four waste streams:

- Sludge materials on the floor of the basins (Subsection 2.1)
- Contaminants dissolved in the water (Subsection 2.2)
- Debris distributed across the basins with particle size greater than 0.125 in. diameter (Subsection 2.3)
- Discrete objects significantly larger than 0.125 in. diameter (Subsection 2.4).

## 2.1 Sludge Materials on the Floor of the Basins

To obtain a representative profile for the radionuclides in the basins, samples of CPP-603A sludge were taken in October, November, and December 2002. The sludge sampling effort was intended to better characterize the readily suspended particulate: therefore, the sampling screened out debris objects (Subsection 2.3) with a diameter greater than 0.125 in.

An EDF entitled "CPP-603 Radionuclide Sample Results" (EDF-4235) contains the estimate of radiological material inventories that remain in the sludge in the CPP-603A basins based on the 2002 sampling (see Table 2-1), thereby updating earlier estimates (Demmer 1996a). The analysis results represent the solids and water in the sludge.

As discussed in EDF-4235, the concentrations found in the new sludge samples are considerably higher than the concentrations found in the 1996 samples. However, the depth and density of the sludge were shown to be substantially lower than the values assumed for the 1996 analysis. The total inventory of nuclides estimated for the 1996 and 2002 sampling generally are within a factor of two. In particular, based on the 1994 sampling, there are 5.6 kg of U-235 in the basins; based on the 2002 sampling, there are 6.96 kg of U-235 +/- 3.2 kg.

Table 2-1 lists the nuclide inventories used for this analysis and based on the sludge and water sampling results presented in EDF-4235. Nuclides that were analyzed and had one or no detections out of the 20 sludge samples are noted in the table. These nuclides are assumed to be present in insignificant quantities and are not carried forward in the analysis. The inventories after 500 years of radioactive decay are also shown in Table 2-1. The decayed inventory is shown, because one of the modeling cases assumes that the CPP-603A facility will be filled with grout and essentially impermeable to water for the first 500 years. Note that 13 of the 35 nuclides in Table 2-1 will essentially decay away in place during the 500 years. In Table 2-1, the best estimates are used for the sludge inventory, but the uncertainty is conservatively added into the estimated total inventory (also shown in Table 2-1), which could potentially increase the sludge inventory by about 46%. The estimated total inventory includes other sources as well, as described in Subsections 2.2 through 2.4.

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Table 2-1. The CPP-603A nuclide inventory based primarily on the 2002 sludge samples and 2003 water samples.

samples.	Radioactive	Sludge and Water I	nventory <sup>a</sup>	Estimated To	otal Inventory <sup>b</sup>
Nuclide	Decay Half-life Years	Current (Ci)	After 500 Yr (Ci)	Current (Ci)	After 500 Yr (Ci)
Ag-108m	1.27E+02	<1.65E-01 (1 detection)	<1.08E-02	<3.30E-01	<2.16E-02
Ag-110m	6.84E-01	<6.70E-01 (nondetect)	0	<1.34E+00	0
Am-241	4.32E+02	2.25E-02	1.01E-02	4.50E-02	2.02E-02
C-14 <sup>c</sup>	5.73E+03	3.13E-04	2.94E-04	6.26E-04	5.88E-04
Ce-144	7.80E-01	<1.87E+00 (nondetect)	0	<3.74E+00	0
Cm-244	1.81E+01	7.00E-04	3.38E-12	1.40E-03	6.76E-12
Co-58	1.94E-01	1.31E+00	0.00E+00	2.62E+00	0.00E+00
Co-60	5.27E+00	5.66E+01	0	1.13E+02	0
Cs-134	2.06E+00	<4.36E-01 (nondetect)	0	<8.72E-01	0
Cs-137	3.02E+01	8.70E+01	8.92E-04	1.74E+02	1.78E-03
Eu-152	1.36E+01	2.74E+02	2.34E-09	5.48E+02	4.68E-09
Eu-154	8.80E+00	1.38E+02	1.09E-15	2.76E+02	2.18E-15
Eu-155	4.96E+00	8.91E+00	0	1.78E+01	0
H-3 <sup>c</sup>	1.23E+01	9.39E-02	5.83E-14	1.88E-01	1.17E-13
I-129 <sup>c</sup>	1.57E+07	7.77E-06	7.77E-06	1.55E-05	1.55E-05
Mn-54	8.55E-01	<4.72E-01 (nondetect)	0	<9.44E-01	0
Nb-94	2.03E+04	<4.18E-01 (nondetect)	<4.11E-01	<8.36E-01	<8.22E-01
Nb-95	9.58E-02	7.55E-01	0	1.51E+00	0
Np-237 <sup>d</sup>	2.14E+06	5.00E-03 <sup>d</sup>	5.00E-03	1.00E-02	1.00E-02
Pu-238	8.77E+01	2.76E-01	5.30E-03	5.52E-01	1.06E-02
Pu-239 <sup>e</sup>	2.41E+04	2.01E+00	1.98E+00	4.02E+00	3.96E+00
Pu-240 <sup>e</sup>	6.56E+03	2.01E+00	1.91E+00	4.02E+00	3.82E+00
Ra-226	1.60E+03	<6.65E+00 (nondetect)	<5.35E+00	<1.33E+01	<1.07E+01
Ru-103	1.07E-01	<4.05E-01 (nondetect)	0	<8.10E-01	0
Ru-106	1.02E+00	<1.01E+00 (nondetect)	0	<2.02E+00	0
Sb-125	2.73E+00	<3.89E-01 (1 detection)	0	<7.78E-01	0
Sr-90 <sup>f</sup>	2.91E+01	2.09E+01	1.41E-04	4.18E+01	2.82E-04
Tc-99 <sup>c</sup>	2.13E+05	6.26E-04	6.25E-04	1.25E-03	1.25E-03
Th-228	1.91E+00	1.50E-02	0	3.00E-02	0
U-234	2.45E+05	3.48E-01	3.48E-01	6.96E-01	6.96E-01
U-235	7.04E+08	1.51E-02	1.51E-02	3.02E-02	3.02E-02
U-236	2.34E+07	5.51E-03	5.51E-03	1.10E-02	1.10E-02

Table 2-1. (continued).

	Radioactive	Sludge and Water	Estimated Total Inventory <sup>b</sup>		
Nuclide	Decay Half-life Years	Current (Ci)	After 500 Yr (Ci)	Current (Ci)	After 500 Yr (Ci)
U-238	4.47E+09	2.39E-03	2.39E-03	4.78E-03	4.78E-03
Zn-65	6.68E-01	<7.39E+00 (1 detection)	0	<1.48E+01	0
Zr-95	1.75E-01	9.85E+00	0	1.97E+01	0

a. The sludge analysis included both the solid and the liquid in the sample.

Since there were no analyses of the nonradionuclides in the 2002 sampling, the sludge inventory from the 1994 sampling is used for this report and was updated to reflect more accurate estimates of sludge volume (EDF-4235). The information was summarized in EDF-1962, "Transport Simulation Approach for the Risk Assessment for Deactivation of INTEC Plant Building CPP-603," and EDF-3684, "Acceptable Residual Inventory Calculations for CPP-603." The inventory for the nonradionuclide contaminants of concern is shown in Table 2-2.

Table 2-2. The CPP-603A nonradionuclide inventory based on the 1994 sampling and analysis of basin sludge.

	Initial Estimated Inventory
Contaminant	(mg)
Acetone	1.12E+05
Benzene	4.09E+03
Bromomethane	7.99E+02
2-Butanone	1.38E+03
1,2-Dichloroethane	1.26E+03
Methylene chloride	1.26E+03
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	1.32E+03
m- and p-Xylene	2.74E+03
o-Xylene	1.29E+03
Styrene	1.43E+03
Toluene	2.27E+03
Aluminum	1.90E+09
Arsenic	4.15E+03
Barium	1.74E+04
Beryllium	1.40E+04
Cadmium	2.00E+05

b. As discussed in Subsection 2.5, the total estimated inventory is assumed to be twice the sludge plus water inventory to incorporate inventory uncertainty and the inventory potentially present in the discrete objects.

c. C-14, H-3, I-129, and Tc-99 are generally not sorbed. Therefore, water samples were collected, and the inventories shown are based on the activity in the water samples.

d. In the 2002 sampling, Cm-244, Np-237, and Th-228 were not analyzed. Therefore, the results of the 1996 sampling are used. In the 2002 sampling, "other alpha" is listed as 1.95E-3. This is likely Np-237; however, because it was not specifically analyzed, the more conservative 1996 number was used.

e. The combination of Pu-239 and Pu-240 was reported together under Pu-239. For purposes of this study, it is conservatively assumed that the reported activity is the activity of each nuclide. The inventory of Pu-239/240 is overestimated by a factor of two, but does not influence the results of the analysis.

f. Strontium was reported as total strontium. It has been assumed that the strontium was all Sr-90. The inventory for nuclides that were not detected or only detected in one out of 20 samples is listed as "less than."

Table 2-2. (continued).

Contaminant	Initial Estimated Inventory (mg)
Chloride	2.99E+04
Chromium	2.43E+03
Lead	1.49E+04
Mercury	1.36E+01
Nickel	3.35E+03
Selenium	4.12E+03
Silver	3.74E+02
Uranium	4.86E+07
Zinc	3.58E+08

## 2.2 Inventory Dissolved in the Water

For the solids analyses used to estimate contaminant concentrations in the sludge (Subsection 2.1), the fusion method was used. In the process, volatile contaminants were lost. Therefore, there was no analysis for C-14, H-3, I-129, and Tc-99 in the sludge analyses. Based on process knowledge, these nuclides are not expected to be present at high concentrations in the CPP-603 basins. Because these nuclides are generally contaminants of concern at the INTEC, however, estimates of their inventory are needed for the streamlined risk assessment.

C-14, H-3, I-129, and Tc-99 are generally soluble in water and assumed to be leached from the source and move through the environment with essentially no sorption to the soils. Assuming this is also the case in the CPP-603A basins, the inventory of C-14, H-3, I-129, and Tc-99 is in the water, not adsorbed in the sludge. To get estimates of the C-14, H-3, I-129, and Tc-99 inventory in the CPP-603A basins, four water samples were collected in the basins and analyzed in June 2003. Because the basins are connected, the concentrations of dissolved constituents were assumed to be relatively uniform throughout the basin. Analysis results from the data collected are shown in Table 2-3. Samples were taken from the south basin and the transfer canal. A total of four 250-mL samples were collected. For C-14, H-3, I-129, and Tc-99, the inventory shown in Table 2-1 is based on the inventory in the water inferred from the water samples. The table is taken from Appendix B of the CPP-603 radionuclide sampling results presented in EDF-4235.

Table 2-3. Sample results and total activity estimates from the CPP-603 water samples.

Field Sample ID	Tc-99 (pCi/L)	Uncertainty	H-3 (pCi/L)	Uncertainty	I-129 (pCi/L)	Uncertainty	C-14 (pCi/L)	Uncertainty
Tield Sample 1B	(pei/L)	Oncertainty	(per/L)	Checitanity	(pere)	Checitanity	(pei/L)	Checitamity
CPP-603 Basin SUP1	1.65E+02	5.10E+00	1.65E+04	1.40E+02	1.00E-01	2.30+00	9.00E+01	4.10E+01
CPP-603 Basin SUP2	1.39E+02	5.00E+00	1.62E+04	1.40E+02	2.40E+00	2.40+00	Not Detected	3.40E+01
CPP-603 Basin SUP3	1.20E+02	5.00E+00	1.63E+04	1.40E+02	1.50E+00	2.10+00	3.90E+01	4.00E+01
CPP-603 Basin SUP4	5.50E+00	4.80E+00	1.55E+04	1.40E+02	Not Detected	2.60+00	3.20E+01	3.90E+01
Average pCi/L	1.07E+02	4.98E+00	1.61E+04	1.40E+02	1.33E+00	2.35E+00	5.37E+01	3.98E+01
Standard Dev. pCi/L	7.04E+01		4.49E+02		1.16E+00		3.17E+01	
Basin Volume	5.83E+06	Liters						
Total pCi	6.26E+08		9.39E+10		7.77E+06		3.13E+08	
Total Ci	6.26E+04		9.39E+02		7.77E+06		3.13E+04	

The estimated inventory for C-14, I-129, and Tc-99 is not necessarily conservative, because there could be some inventory in the sludge. However, the results shown in the streamlined risk assessment indicate that the inventory estimated from the water is three to six orders of magnitude less than an inventory of concern. Soluble chemicals such as carbon, iodine, and technetium are going to exist primarily dissolved in the water, not the solid. Therefore, further sludge analysis for these nuclides is unnecessary.

If the basin water is evaporated, the contaminants in the water will precipitate and remain in the basin. It is possible that there is some relatively small amount of sorption of the C-14, I-129, and Tc-99, but this inventory is assumed to be a small contributor to the overall inventory. If the water is removed to the Idaho National Engineering and Environmental Laboratory (INEEL) CERCLA Disposal Facility (ICDF), the Process Equipment Waste Evaporator, or a comparable facility, most of the inventory in the water should be removed from the CPP-603 basins.

#### 2.3 Debris Distributed Across the Floor of CPP-603A

Extensive radiological surveying has been conducted throughout the CPP-603A building. The results of the survey are documented in "CPP-603 Basins Fissile Material in Particulate Form based on Cs-137 to U-235 Ratio" (EDF-3535). Basin floor surveys of the north basin detected levels ranging from 100 to 900 mR/hr, basin floor surveys of the middle basin detected levels ranging from 100 mR/hr to 10.2 R/hr near the southeast corner, and basin floor surveys of the south basin detected radiation levels from 100 to 600 mR/hr. A floor survey of the transfer canal detected radiation levels from 100 mR/hr to 32 R/hr near the south end of the canal. Generally, radiation readings from the basins are approximately 5 to 15 mR/hr on the top of the basin and 100 to 150 mR/hr at the scum ring around the basin walls.

To estimate the U-235 inventory in the debris, the scanning results were used to calculate the presence of Cs-137 and then to infer from these measurements the mass of U-235. By estimating the mass of U-235, the inventory of the debris can be compared to the inventory in the sludge. As explained in Subsection 2.1, the sludge contains 7.0 +/- 3.2 kg of U-235 or a conservative estimate of 10.2 kg, based on the 2002 sampling. Based on the radiological surveying, the debris contains approximately 3.8 kg of U-235. Therefore, the debris inventory is assumed to be approximately 55% the best estimate of the sludge inventory of U-235 or 38% of the conservative estimate. For purposes of the streamlined risk assessment, the nuclide composition of the debris is assumed to be the same as the nuclide composition of the sludge, and the inventory is increased accordingly.

## 2.4 Discrete Objects

Discrete objects were identified using spectrometry data from a survey of objects found in the pool to estimate the total activity from discrete objects significantly greater than 0.125 in. in diameter. Fourteen discrete objects were identified; 13 are activated metals that are either end boxes or non-uranium-bearing generic fuel objects, and one is a small high-activity debris object (SHADO). The discrete objects are described in detail in the "Quantification of Three Debris Objects from the South Basin of CPP-603 using the Underwater Gamma Spectrometer System (TUGS)" (EDF-4271).

The activated metals are not expected to contain any of the contaminants of concern for this streamlined risk assessment. However, the SHADO would be similar in makeup to both the contaminants in the sludge and in the debris. The SHADO is estimated to contain approximately 3 g of U-235, which is 0.04% of the estimated sludge inventory. This is an insignificant contributor to the overall nuclide inventory in the CPP-603 basins.

## 2.5 Basin Inventory Summary and Discussion

As discussed in the subsections above, nuclide-specific inventories at the CPP-603A basins are available for the sludge and for C-14, H-3, I-129, and Tc-99 in the water. Details on the nuclide specific inventories can be found in EDF-4235. For debris over 0.125 in. in diameter (EDF-3535), which is distributed throughout the basins and larger discrete objects (EDF-4271), estimates of the mass of U-235 have been inferred based on radiological surveys that measure for Cs-137.

An estimated total inventory is needed for the streamlined risk assessment. For the purposes of this estimate, the nuclide-specific inventory from the sludge and water samples are assumed to have the same nuclide composition as the debris and discrete objects of interest. Because estimates are available for the U-235 mass of each of the waste streams, the nuclide-specific inventory is scaled up based on the relative U-235 mass to provide an estimate of the nuclide-specific total inventory.

As discussed in the subsections above, the sludge is estimated to contain  $6.96 \pm 0.322 \pm 0.322 \pm 0.323 \pm 0.003$  kg of U-235, and the discrete objects are estimated to contain  $0.003 \pm 0.003 \pm 0.003$  kg of U-235. For this report, the total amount of U-235 is assumed to be  $6.96 \pm 3.22 \pm 3.8 \pm 0.003$  or approximately 14 kg of U-235. This is twice the estimated inventory of U-235 in the sludge. Therefore, the estimated total inventory is assumed to be twice the inventory in the sludge and water samples as shown in Table 2-1.

As discussed in Subsection 2.1, there were no analyses of the nonradionuclides in the 2002 sampling. The sludge inventory from the 1994 sampling was used for this report and was updated to reflect more accurate estimates of sludge volume (EDF-4235). The inventory for the nonradionuclide contaminants of concern is shown in Table 2-2.

#### 3. CPP-603A RADIONUCLIDE CONTAMINANT SCREENING

The radionuclides that were detected in more than one of the 20 sludge samples were screened to a set of contaminants of concern using the National Council on Radiation Protection (NCRP) screening factors (NCRP 1996). The assumed intact life span of the grouted CPP-603A basins after final disposition is assumed to be 500 yr. This assumption is based on similar assumptions in the *Idaho High-Level Waste & Facilities Disposition Final Environmental Impact Statement* (DOE-ID 2002). Complete failure is assumed at the end of the intact life span. Water will then move through the grouted waste material at the same rate it would move through native soil. Therefore, the radionuclide inventory screening uses the inventory after 500 yr of radioactive decay.

As shown in Table 3-1, the nuclide inventories in the sludge were decayed for 500 yr and then multiplied by the NCRP factors to give a measure of the expected contribution of each nuclide to the total dose. The screening criterion chosen is that any nuclide that contributes more than 1/1000 (0.1%) to the total dose was retained as a contaminant of concern. However, as can be seen in Table 3-1, a number of mobile nuclides that are contaminants of interest at INTEC would be screened at that level (C-14, I-129, and Tc-99). Because C-14, I-129, and Tc-99 are contaminants of general interest at INTEC, they were included as contaminants of concern even though they failed the NCRP screening.

The 11 radionuclides defined as contaminants of potential concern (COPCs) are in bold type and highlighted in yellow or blue in Table 3-1. The eight COPCs highlighted in yellow contribute over 99.8% of the total product. Of these, Pu-239 and Pu-240 contribute almost 90% of the total dose. In addition to the primary dose contributors, C-14, I-129, and Tc-99 are highlighted in blue and included as COPCs,

because they have been identified as significant contaminants of concern in the aquifer at INTEC in related projects. Therefore, more detailed analysis was warranted.

Based on the screening dose factors, Pu-239 and Pu-240 appear to be the primary risk drivers. However, this screening does not take into account the effects of different transport times through the vadose zone for retarded contaminants and the ultimate impact on the predicted groundwater concentrations. For this reason, the COPCs must be reevaluated with contaminant transport simulations.

Table 3-1. Radionuclide screening using the National Council on Radiation Protection screening dose factors.

Radioactive		Current		and Water in 500 yr	Screening Factor Table 3.2	Inventory in 500 yr (Bq) Times the NCRP	
Nuclide	Decay Rate (yr)	Inventory (Ci)	(Ci)	(Bq)	NCRP 123 (Sv/Bq)	Screening Factor <sup>b</sup> (Sv)	% Dose
Am-241	4.32E+02	2.25E-02	1.01E-02	3.74E+08	8.40E-12	3.14E-03	0.21%
C-14	5.73E+03	3.13E-04	2.94E-04	1.09E+07	1.70E-11	1.85E-04	0.01%
Cm-244	1.81E+01	7.00E-04	3.38E-12	1.25E-01	3.00E-12	3.76E-13	0.00%
Co-58	1.94E-01	1.31E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	6.90E-18	0.00E+00	0.00%
Co-60	5.27E+00	5.66E+01	1.56E-27	5.76E-17	6.60E-12	3.80E-28	0.00%
Cs-137	3.02E+01	8.70E+01	8.92E-04	3.30E+07	1.40E-11	4.62E-04	0.03%
Eu-152	1.36E+01	2.74E+02	2.34E-09	8.67E+01	6.60E-12	5.72E-10	0.00%
Eu-154	8.80E+00	1.38E+02	1.09E-15	4.02E-05	5.40E-12	2.17E-16	0.00%
Eu-155	4.96E+00	8.91E+00	4.02E-30	1.49E-19	1.70E-13	2.53E-32	0.00%
H-3	1.23E+01	9.39E-02	5.83E-14	2.16E-03	3.10E-13	6.68E-16	0.00%
I-129	1.57E+07	7.77E-06	7.77E-06	2.87E+05	2.00E-10	5.75E-05	0.00%
Nb-95	9.58E-02	7.55E-01	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	7.00E-22	0.00E+00	0.00%
Np-237	2.14E+06	5.00E-03	5.00E-03	1.85E+08	3.00E-10	5.55E-02	3.64%
Pu-238	8.77E+01	2.76E-01	5.30E-03	1.96E+08	7.90E-12	1.55E-03	0.10%
Pu-239	2.41E+04	2.01E+00	1.98E+00	7.33E+10	9.50E-12	6.96E-01	45.74%
Pu-240	6.56E+03	2.01E+00	1.91E+00	7.05E+10	9.40E-12	6.63E-01	43.55%
Sr-90	2.91E+01	2.09E+01	1.41E-04	5.20E+06	3.60E-11	1.87E-04	0.01%
Тс-99	2.13E+05	6.26E-04	6.25E-04	2.31E+07	1.30E-11	3.00E-04	0.02%
Th-228	1.91E+00	1.50E-02	2.36E-81	8.72E-71	7.10E-13	6.19E-83	0.00%
U-234	2.45E+05	3.48E-01	3.48E-01	1.29E+10	5.80E-12	7.46E-02	4.90%
U-235	7.04E+08	1.51E-02	1.51E-02	5.57E+08	2.00E-11	1.11E-02	0.73%
U-236	2.34E+07	5.51E-03	5.51E-03	2.04E+08	4.70E-12	9.57E-04	0.06%
U-238	4.47E+09	2.39E-03	2.39E-03	8.86E+07	1.70E-10	1.51E-02	0.99%
Zr-95	1.75E-01	9.85E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	8.80E-19	0.00E+00	0.00%

a. Screening is based on the sludge and water inventory in 500 yr rather than the total inventory. The total inventory is estimated to be twice the sludge plus water inventory to account for uncertainty and debris in the basins. Since the screening is based on % contribution, the screening is the same for the sludge inventory as for the entire inventory.

b. Note that 1 mrem  $(1 \times 10^{-5} \text{ Sy})$ 

#### 4. MODELING APPROACH AND ASSUMPTIONS

For this streamlined risk assessment, two cases are evaluated: (a) a base case, which assumes that the basins are simply filled with soils, and (b) a grouted source scenario. In each case, the sludge and debris are assumed to remain in the CPP-603A basins. The two cases evaluated represent worst-case scenarios with respect to inventory in the pools. Any source removal before closure would decrease the predicted risk.

The basic conceptual model and associated parameters chosen for the CPP-603A model are consistent with the *Composite Analysis for the INEEL CERCLA Disposal Facility Landfill* (DOE-ID 2003). A unit mass or activity of each contaminant is used to calculate the resulting unit concentration at a receptor location. The predicted aquifer concentration is calculated by multiplying the unit concentration by the inventory. This concentration is then compared with a limiting concentration calculated based on a cancer risk of 10<sup>-4</sup> or 10<sup>-6</sup> and the MCL. Using this information, an ARC inventory for each contaminant is calculated and compared with the projected inventory in the CPP-603A facility. In addition, the predicted risk is calculated for each contaminant.

The following assumptions were made for the analysis:

- The groundwater pathway is the only significant contaminant exposure pathway.
- The current estimated inventory in the CPP-603A facility will be left in place.
- Contaminant diffusion will be negligible from the soil or the grout used to stabilize the source.
- The sludge left in the basins after deactivation is about half the total inventory used for this streamlined risk assessment. Debris and the uncertainty in the sludge inventory are assumed to make up the other half.
- The source thickness is 6 m (2 ft), which is the estimated thickness of the contaminated sludge that will be either mixed with soil (base case) or grout (grouted source case) during decontamination and grouting. Either clean soil or grout will be located above the contaminated portion of the grout to isolate the contaminated grout from the ground surface.
- Water and contaminants move straight down through the vadose zone sediments. The contaminant velocity through the sediments depends on the contaminant-specific sediment partition coefficient (Kd). There is no retardation effect from the basalt and no horizontal spreading in the vadose zone. Based on the results of the calibration to the remedial investigation/baseline risk assessment (RI/BRA) model (DOE-ID 1997), the absence of lateral spreading is a conservative assumption.
- The contaminant solubility is conservatively assumed to be infinite for these analyses. If a contaminant appears to pose a significant risk to the groundwater quality, then a reasonable solubility limit could be identified and later incorporated into the analysis.
- ARC inventories for radionuclides are calculated based on limiting aquifer concentrations corresponding to a 10<sup>-4</sup> and 10<sup>-6</sup> risk.
- ARC inventories for nonradionuclides are calculated based on limiting aquifer concentrations corresponding to a risk of 10<sup>-6</sup> or an MCL.

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- The receptor is assumed to be 100 m (328 ft) downgradient from the edge of the CPP-603A facility.
- The ARC inventories are based on a predicted peak aquifer concentration regardless of the time of peak. In some cases, the ARC inventory would be much lower if the timeframe of interest was reduced to 1,000 or 10,000 yr.
- The ARC inventory for Am-241 is the activity equivalent of the ARC inventory calculated for the Np-237. This assumption was made because the Am-241 decays quickly relative to Np-237 and the Am-241 is basically immobile in comparison with Np-237. Therefore, this conservative assumption is equivalent to assuming that the Am-241 decays immediately to Np-237.
- The ARC inventory for Pu-238 is the activity equivalent of the ARC inventory calculated for the U-234. This was assumed because the Pu-238 decays quickly relative to U-234 and the Pu-238 is basically immobile in comparison with U-234. Therefore, this conservative assumption is equivalent to assuming that the Pu-238 decays immediately to U-234.
- The GWSCREEN: A Semi-Analytical Model for Assessment of the Groundwater Pathway from Surface or Buried Contamination: Version 2.0 Theory and User's Manual (Rood 1999) is used for the source release and contaminant transport simulations.

As discussed above, two risk assessment cases were evaluated. The following are assumptions that vary based on whether or not the CPP-603A basins will be filled with soils or grout:

- If the basins are filled with soils, water is assumed to move through the contaminated soils at a background infiltration rate of 1 cm/yr (0.4 in./yr). If an infiltration-reducing cover, such as the proposed ICDF cover, is placed over CPP-603A, this infiltration rate will be reduced as will the predicted risk.
- If the basins are filled with grouted, the contaminants will be immobilized for 500 yr. At 500 yr, the grouted basins will instantaneously fail and water will be able to move through the basins.
- After failure of the grouted source, water will move through the grout at a rate of 1 cm/yr (0.4 in./yr), which is equal to the estimated infiltration rate through undisturbed soil at the INEEL. This assumption corresponds to a soil cover that reduces infiltration to the background rates.

Because the two risk assessment scenarios evaluated include one where the contaminants are available to be leached from the basins immediately after closure if the basins are filled with soils and after 500 yr if the basins are filled with grout, nuclide predictions are compared to current inventories for the soils scenarios and inventories with 500 yr of radioactive decay for the grout scenarios.

The conceptual model used for the analysis is shown in Figure 4-1. The parameter values used in the GWSCREEN simulations that are not contaminant specific are shown in Table 4-1. The contaminant-specific parameter values are shown in Table 4-2 for the nonradionuclides and Table 4-3 for the radionuclides.

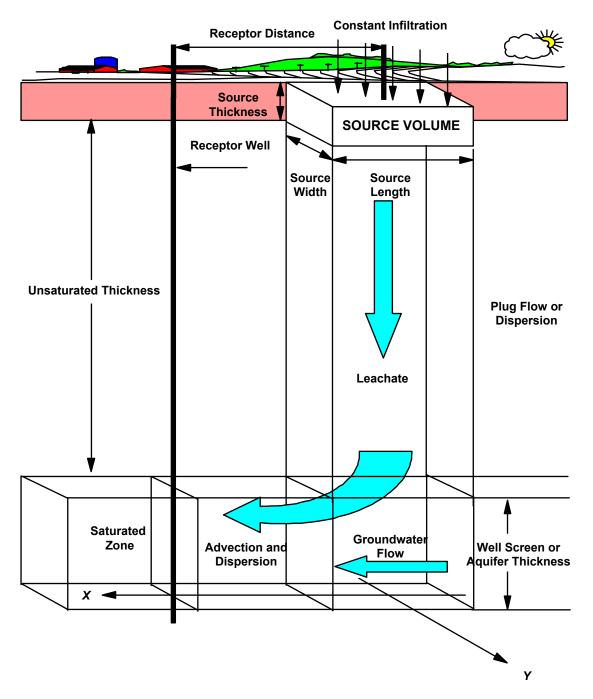


Figure 4-1. Conceptual model of GWSCREEN for the source volume, unsaturated zone, and aquifer (Rood 1999).

Table 4-1. Constant parameter values used in the CPP-603A GWSCREEN simulations.

Parameter	Values	Values	Source of Parameter Values
Source			
Length (CPP-603)	42.9 m	140.7 ft	CPP-603A design (EDF-3684)
Width (CPP-603)	21.4 m	70.2 ft	CPP-603A design (EDF-3684)
Thickness (CPP-603)	0.6 m	2 ft	CPP-603A design (EDF-3684)
Bulk density	1.5 g/cm3		ICDF composite analysis (DOE-ID 2003)
Moisture content	0.3		RI/BRA (DOE-ID 1997)
Infiltration rate			
0–500 yr	0 m/yr	0 in/y	ICDF composite analysis (DOE-ID 2003)
500 yr and after	0.01 m/yr	0.4 in/y	ICDF composite analysis (DOE-ID 2003)
Unsaturated Zone			
Thickness (cumulative interbeds)	22.7 m	74.5 ft	ICDF composite analysis (DOE-ID 2003)
Longitudinal dispersivity	2.92 m	9.6 ft	ICDF composite analysis (DOE-ID 2003)
Bulk density	1.36 g/cm3		ICDF composite analysis (DOE-ID 2003)
Moisture content <sup>a</sup>	0.285		Calculated in GWSCREEN
Aquifer			
Thickness	76 m	250 ft	ICDF composite analysis (DOE-ID 2003)
Well screen thickness	15 m	49.2 ft	Track 2 Guidance Document (DOE 1994)
Darcy velocity	21.9 m/yr	71.85 ft/y	ICDF composite analysis (DOE-ID 2003)
Average linear velocity	365 m/yr	1200 ft/y	Calculated
Porosity	0.06		ICDF composite analysis (DOE-ID 2003)
Bulk density	2.49 g/cm3		ICDF composite analysis (DOE-ID 2003)
Variable longitudinal dispersivity <sup>b</sup>	4.9 m	16 ft	Calculated in GWSCREEN at 100 m from CPP-603
Ratio transverse/longitudinal	0.2		ICDF composite analysis (DOE-ID 2003)
Ratio vertical/longitudinal	0.00116		ICDF composite analysis (DOE-ID 2003)
<b>Receptor Distance from the Center</b>	of the Source		
x (along flow direction)	121.45 m	398 ft	100 m downgradient of CPP-603
y (perpendicular to flow direction)	0 m	0 ft	Along the line of maximum concentration
Receptor Scenario			
Drinking water ingestion rate	2 L/day		
Exposure frequency	350 d/yr		
Exposure duration	30 yr		
Averaging time	70 yr = 25,550 days		

a. Characteristic curve in the vadose zone uses the van Genuchten formulation to calculate the moisture content (Rood 1999). The parameter values used are as follows:

- Residual moisture content = 0.142
- Saturated moisture content = 0.487
- Saturated hydraulic conductivity (m/yr) = 21.13
- $\alpha$  fitting parameter (1/m) = 1.066
- n fitting parameter = 1.523.

b. Longitudinal dispersivity is defined as 1.20(log10 L) 2.958 where L=121.45m (Rood 1999, Section 2.3).

CPP = Chemical Processing Plant

EDF = engineering design file

RI/BRA = remedial investigation/baseline risk assessment

Table 4-2. Nonradionuclide contaminant-specific parameter values used in the CPP-603A analysis.

	Reference Dose	Hazard or Risk		Soil-Wate	Soil-Water Partition Coefficient			
COPCs	(mg/kg/d) or Slope Factor (mg/kg/d) <sup>-1</sup>	Based Limiting Concentration <sup>a</sup> (mg/L)	CPP-603A Inventory <sup>b</sup> (mg)	Soil (mL/g)	Aquifer Basalt (mL/g)	Concrete (mL/g)		
Acetone	1.00E-01	3.56E+00	1.12E+05	0	0	$0^{c}$		
Benzene	2.90E-2(SF)	2.93E-03	4.09E+03	0.2	0.008	$0.2^{c}$		
Bromomethane	1.40E-03	5.11E-02	7.99E+02	NA	NA	NA		
2-Butanone	6.00E-01	2.19E+01	1.38E+03	NA	NA	NA		
1,1-Dichloroethene	NA	7E-03(MCL)	1.26E+03	0.19	0.0076	$0.19^{c}$		
Methylene chloride	7.50E-3(SF)	1.13E-02	1.26E+03	0.026	0.00104	$0.026^{c}$		
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	NA	NA	1.32E+03	NA	NA	NA		
m- and p-Xylene	2.00E+00	7.30E+01	2.74E+03	3	0.12	3 <sup>c</sup>		
o-Xylene	2.00E+00	7.30E+01	1.29E+03	NA	NA	NA		
Styrene	2.00E-01	7.30E+00	1.43E+03	NA	NA	NA		
Toluene	2.00E-01	7.30E+00	2.27E+03	1	0.04	1 <sup>c</sup>		
Aluminum	1.00E+00	3.65E+01	1.90E+09	250	10	250°		
Arsenic	1.50E + 0(SF)	5.67E-05	4.15E+03	3	0.12	3 <sup>c</sup>		
Barium	7.00E-02	2.56E+00	1.74E+04	50	2	50°		
Beryllium	4.30E + 0(SF)	1.98E-05	1.40E+04	250	10.	250°		
Cadmium	1.00E-03	3.65E-02	2.00E+05	6	0.24	23 <sup>d</sup>		
Chloride	NA	2.5E+2(MCL)	2.99E+04	0	0	1 <sup>e</sup>		
Chromium	5.00E-03	1.83E-01	2.43E+03	1.2	0.048	1.2°		
Lead	NA	1.5E-2(MCL)	1.49E+04	100	4	100°		
Mercury	1.00E-04	3.65E-03	1.36E+01	100	4	$60^{d}$		
Nickel	2.00E-02	7.30E-01	3.35E+03	100	4	100 <sup>e</sup>		
Selenium	5.00E-03	1.83E-01	4.12E+03	4	0.16	4 <sup>c</sup>		
Silver	5.00E-03	1.83E-01	3.74E+02	90	3.6	$90^{c}$		
Uranium	3.00E-03	1.10E-01	4.86E+07	6	0.24	$2000^{d}$		
Zinc	3.00E-01	1.10E+01	3.58E+08	16	0.64	16 <sup>c</sup>		

a. The hazard and risk based limiting concentrations are calculated based on the reference dose or slope factor and exposure parameters. The exposure parameters are listed in Table 4-1.

b. From 1994 laboratory data supporting Demmer (1996a).

c. No concrete Kd information available. The soils Kd value was used.

d. From the Composite Analysis for the INEEL CERCLA Disposal Facility Landfill (DOE-ID 2003).

e. From the Effects of Radionuclide Concentrations by Cement/Ground-water Interactions in Support of Performance Assessment of Low-Level Radioactive Waste Disposal Facilities (Krupka and Serne, 1998), Table 5-1.

CFR = Code of Federal Regulations

COPC = contaminant of potential concern

CPP = Chemical Processing Plant

MCL = maximum contaminant level—maximum drinking water concentration limit is based on 40 CFR 141.61, "Maximum Contaminant Levels for Organic Contaminants."

NA = not available—assume Kd = 0 for the soil and aquifer basalt.

SF = Limiting concentration is based on a slope factor. The others are based on a reference dose. The slope factors are taken from the tables in the *Comprehensive RI/FS for the Idaho Chemical Processing Plant OU 3-13 at the INEEL—Part A, RI/BRA Report (Final)* (DOE-ID 1997) to be consistent with the Operable Unit 3-13 comprehensive RI/BRA.

Table 4-3. Radionuclide contaminant-specific parameter values used in the GWSCREEN analysis.

				CPP-603A Inventory		Soil-Water Partition Coeffic		ficient (Kd) <sup>a</sup>
COPCs Parent Progeny <sup>b</sup>	Radioactive Half-Life (yr)	Slope Factor <sup>c</sup> (1/pCi)	10 <sup>-6</sup> Risk Based Water Conc <sup>d</sup> (pCi/L)	Current Estimate (Ci)	Estimate After 500 Yr of Decay (Ci)	Soil (mL/g)	Aquifer (mL/g)	Concrete (mL/g)
Am-241	432	3.28E-10	1.46E-01	4.50E-02	2.02E-02	340	13.6	5,000
Np-237	2.14E+06	3.00E-10	1.60E-01	_	_	8	0.32	_
U-233	1.59E+05	4.48E-11	1.07E+00	_		6	0.24	_
Th-229	7340	3.56E-10	1.35E-01	_	_	100	4	_
C-14	5.73E+03	1.03E-12	4.62E+01	6.26E-04	5.88E-04	0.1	0.004	10
I-129	1.57E+07	1.84E-10	2.59E-01	1.55E-05	1.55E-05	0.1	0.004	2
Np-237	2.14E+06	3.00E-10	1.60E-01	1.00E-02	1.00E-02	8	0.32	5,000
U-233	1.59E+05	4.48E-11	1.07E+00	_	_	6	0.24	_
Th-229	7340	3.56E-10	1.35E-01	_	_	100	4	_
Pu-238	87.8	2.95E-10	1.63E-01	5.52E-01	1.06E-02	140	5.6	5,000
U-234	2.45E+05	4.44E-11	1.08E+00	_	_	6	0.24	_
Th-230	7.54E+04	3.75E-11	1.28E+00	_	_	100	4	_
Ra-226	1600	2.96E-10	1.62E-01	_	_	100	4	_
Pb-210	22.3	1.01E-09	4.75E-02	_	_	100	4	_
Pu-239	2.41E+04	3.16E-10	1.52E-01	4.02E+00	3.96E+00	140	5.6	5,000
U-235	7.04E+08	4.70E-11	1.02E+00	_	_	6	0.24	_
Pa-231	3.28E+04	1.49E-10	3.19E-01	_	_	550	22	_
Ac-227	21.8	6.26E-10	7.60E-02	_	_	450	18	_
Pu-240	6.56E+03	3.15E-10	1.51E-01	4.02E+00	3.96E+00	140	5.6	5,000
U-236	2.34E+07	4.21E-11	1.13E+00	_	_	6	0.24	_
Th-232	1.41E+10	3.28E-11	1.45E+00	_	_	100	4	_
Ra-228	5.75	2.48E-10	1.92E-01	_	_	100	4	_
Pb-210	1.91	2.31E-10	2.06E-01	_	_	100	4	_
Tc-99	2.11E+05	1.40E-12	3.40E+01	1.25E-03	1.25E-03	0.2	0.008	1,000
U-234	2.45E+05	4.44E-11	1.08E+00	6.96E-01	6.96E-01	6	0.24	2,000
Th-230	7.54E+04	3.75E-11	1.28E+00	_	_	100	4	_
Ra-226	1600	2.96E-10	1.62E-01	_		100	4	_
Pb-210	22.3	1.01E-09	4.75E-02	_	_	100	4	_
U-235	7.04E+08	4.70E-11	1.02E+00	3.02E-02	3.02E-02	6	0.24	2,000
Pa-231	3.28E+04	1.49E-10	3.19E-01	_	_	550	22	_
Ac-227	21.8	6.26E-10	7.60E-02	_	_	450	18	_
U-238	4.47E+09	6.20E-11	7.68E-01	4.78E-03	4.78E-03	6	0.24	2,000
U-234	2.45E+05	4.44E-11	1.08E+00	_	_	6	0.24	_
Th-230	7.54E+04	3.75E-11	1.28E+00	_	_	100	4	_
Ra-226	1600	2.96E-10	1.62E-01	_	_	100	4	_
Pb-210	22.3	1.01E-09	4.75E-02	_	_	100	4	_

a. From the Composite Analysis for the INEEL CERLCA Disposal Facility Landfill (DOE-ID 2003)

b. Progeny ingrowth was ignored for the first 500 yr.

c. Slope factors were taken from the tables in the Comprehensive RI/FS for the Idaho Chemical Processing Plant OU 3-13 at the INEEL—Part A, RI/BRA Report (Final) (DOE-ID 1997) to be consistent with the Operable Unit 3-13 comprehensive RI/BRA. They are based on FGR-13.

d. The risk-based concentrations are calculated based on the slope factor and exposure parameters. (Table 4-1)

COPC = contaminant of potential concern

CPP = Chemical Processing Plant

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The following are the major contaminant-specific assumptions:

- The contaminant-specific Kd values are consistent with those used in the *Composite Analysis for the INEEL CERCLA Disposal Facility Landfill* (DOE-ID 2003), which are based primarily on Track 2 default values (DOE-ID 1994), and those used in the *Comprehensive RI/FS for the Idaho Chemical Processing Plant OU 3-13 at the INEEL—Part A, RI/BRA Report (Final)* (DOE-ID 1997). In general, these are conservative screening-level values, where:
  - For chemicals where no Kd could be found, a conservative value of 0 mL/g was assumed.
  - For chemicals for which no concrete Kd values are available, soil Kd values were used. This assumes there is no grouting but the CPP-603A pools are simply filled with soil.
  - In the vadose zone sediments, Kd values are taken from the *Composite Analysis for the INEEL CERCLA Disposal Facility Landfill* (DOE-ID 2003) modeling.
  - In the Comprehensive RI/FS for the Idaho Chemical Processing Plant OU 3-13 at the INEEL—Part A, RI/BRA Report (Final) (DOE-ID 1997), the aquifer basalt Kd values were assumed to be 25 times smaller than the assumed soil Kd values. The same assumption was used in the Composite Analysis for the INEEL CERCLA Disposal Facility Landfill (DOE-ID 2003) and this evaluation.
- Radionuclide progeny were included in the analysis. The progeny are assumed to move with the parent in the GWSCREEN simulations.

#### 5. CPP-603A RESULTS

Tables 5-1, 5-2, and 5-3 show the model predictions, calculated ARC inventories, comparison with the current estimated inventory, and predicted risk. Tables 5-2 and 5-3 the nuclide inventory projected after 500 yr of radioactive decay. Table 5-1 shows the nonradionuclide results, and Tables 5-2 and 5-3 show the radionuclide results assuming a soil source in Table 5-2 and grouted source in Table 5-3. As discussed above, for both the nonradionuclides and the radionuclides, a baseline calculation was done with the assumption that the basins are filled with soil (rather than grout). The ARC inventory, as well as the risk, is calculated for the CPP-603A basins.

In the case of the nonradionuclides, the analysis shows the contaminants predicted peak concentrations in the aquifer are less than the MCL and  $10^{-6}$  risk for all contaminants (Table 5-1). The maximum predicted risk is  $10^{-10}$ . Therefore, based on the nonradionuclide analysis, there is no need to grout the CPP-603A basins.

For the radionuclides, the analysis predicts that U-234 will be transported to the aquifer when soils are used to fill the basins (Table 5-2) and result in aquifer concentrations that are approximately twice the  $10^{-6}$  risk-based U-234 concentration. Therefore, the radionuclides are reevaluated using source term Kd values that are appropriate for a grouted source (Table 5-3). Note that for the grouted source scenario, it is assumed that no water infiltrates through the facility for 500 yr, so the assumed inventory is the current inventory decayed for 500 yr. Assuming a grouted source, the predicted U-234 aquifer risk is  $2.2 \times 10^{-7}$  or a factor of 4.5 below the  $10^{-6}$  risk-based U-234 concentration and a factor of 450 below the  $10^{-4}$  risk-based U-234 concentration.

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Table 5-1. Nonradionuclide ARC inventories and comparison with projected residual inventory assuming a soil source term.

			Predicted from Unit Inv Times Inventory	Predicted from Unit Inventory Times Inventory	ARC Inventory	'ntory		
	10-6 Risk Based Limiting Concentration		Time of Peak Concentration	Predicted Peak Concentration	Based on Limiting Concentration	Based on MCL	Estimated CPP-603A Inventory (Table 2-2)	:
	(mg/m)	(mg/m²)	(yr)	(mg/m³)	(mg)	(mg)	(mg)	Predicted Risk
Acetone	3.56E+03	NA	5.13E+02	7.90E-03	5.05E+10	NA	1.12E+05	2.22E-12
Benzene	2.93E+00	5.00E+00	1.00E+03	1.48E-04	8.12E+07	1.39E+08	4.09E+03	5.04E-11
Bromomethane	5.11E+01	NA	5.13E+02	5.63E-05	7.25E+08	NA	7.99E+02	1.10E-12
2-Butanone	2.19E+04	NA	5.13E+02	9.73E-05	3.11E+11	NA	1.38E+03	4.44E-15
1,1-Dichloroethene	7.00E+00	7.00E+00	9.78E+02	4.66E-05	1.89E+08	1.89E+08	1.26E+03	6.66E-12
Methylene chloride	1.13E+01	NA	5.76E+02	7.90E-05	1.80E+08	NA	1.26E+03	6.99E-12
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	NA	NA	5.13E+02	9.31E-05	NA	NA	1.32E+03	NA
m- and p-Xylene	7.30E+04	1.00E+04	7.86E+03	1.26E-05	1.59E+13	2.17E+12	2.74E+03	1.73E-16
o-Xylene	7.30E+04	1.00E+02	5.13E+02	9.09E-05	1.04E+12	1.42E+09	1.29E+03	1.25E-15
Styrene	7.30E+03	1.00E+03	5.13E+02	1.01E-04	1.04E+11	1.42E+10	1.43E+03	1.38E-14
Toluene	7.30E+03	1.00E+04	2.96E+03	2.77E-05	5.97E+11	8.18E+11	2.27E+03	3.79E-15
Aluminum	3.65E+04	2.00E+02	6.13E+05	1.12E-01	6.18E+14	3.39E+12	1.90E+09	3.08E-12
Arsenic	5.67E-02	5.00E+01	7.86E+03	1.91E-05	1.23E+07	1.09E+10	4.15E+03	3.37E-10
Barium	2.56E+03	2.00E+03	1.23E+05	5.12E-06	8.70E+12	6.79E+12	1.74E+04	2.00E-15
Beryllium	1.98E-02	4.00E+00	6.13E+05	8.27E-07	3.35E+08	6.77E+10	1.40E+04	4.18E-11
Cadmium	3.65E+01	5.00E+00	1.52E+04	4.76E-04	1.53E+10	2.10E+09	2.00E+05	1.30E-11
Chloride	2.50E+05	2.50E+05	5.13E+02	2.11E-03	3.55E+12	3.55E+12	2.99E+04	8.43E-15
Chromium	1.83E+02	1.00E+02	3.45E+03	2.55E-05	1.75E+10	9.54E+09	2.43E+03	1.39E-13
Lead	1.50E+01	1.50E+01	2.45E+05	2.21E-06	1.02E+11	1.02E+11	1.49E+04	1.47E-13
Mercury	3.65E+00	2.00E+00	2.45E+05	2.01E-09	2.47E+10	1.36E+10	1.36E+01	5.51E-16
Nickel	7.30E+02	1.00E+02	2.45E+05	4.96E-07	4.95E+12	6.78E+11	3.35E+03	6.79E-16
Selenium	1.83E+02	5.00E+01	1.03E+04	1.45E-05	5.21E+10	1.42E+10	4.12E+03	7.90E-14
Silver	1.83E+02	1.00E+02	2.21E+05	6.13E-08	1.12E+12	6.10E+11	3.74E+02	3.35E-16
Uranium	1.10E+02	3.00E+01	1.52E+04	1.16E-01	4.62E+10	1.26E+10	4.86E+07	1.05E-09
Zinc	1.10E+04	5.00E+03	3.97E+04	3.26E-01	1.21E+13	5.48E+12	3.58E+08	2.97E-11
MCL = maximum contaminant level NA = not available								

Table 5-2. Radionuclide ARC inventories assuming a soil source (baseline) and comparison with

projected residual inventory.

projected res	idual inventor	7		Dial- Daged A	DC Instantant		
	10 <sup>-6</sup> Risk Based Water	Time of Peak	Predicted Peak	Kisk Based A	ARC Inventory	CPP-603A Inventory Current	Dradiated Deals
Nuclide	Concentration	Concentration	Concentration	10 <sup>-6</sup> Risk	10 <sup>-4</sup> Risk	Estimate <sup>a</sup>	Risk
Progeny	(pCi/L)	(yr)	(pCi/L)	(Ci)	(Ci)	(Ci)	(Ci)
Am-241 <sup>b</sup>	1.46E-01	2.01E+04					
as Np-237	1.60E-01	Am-241 assum	ed to be all Np-237	8.69E-02	8.69E+00	9.24E-06	1.06E-10
U-233	1.07E+00						
Th-229	1.35E-01						
C-14	4.62E+01	7.41E+02	4.36E+01	1.06E+00	1.06E+02	6.26E-04	5.91E-10
I-129 <sup>c</sup>	2.59E-01	7.58E+02	4.77E+01	5.42E-03	5.42E-01	1.55E-05	2.86E-09
Np-237	1.60E-01	2.01E+04	1.79E+00	8.69E-02	8.69E+00	1.00E-02	1.15E-07
U-233	1.07E+00		1.96E-01				
Th-229	1.35E-01		7.17E-03				
Pu-238 <sup>b</sup>	1.63E-01	1.50E+04					
U-234	1.08E+00	Pu-238 assume	ed to be all U-234	3.84E-01	3.84E+01	2.02E-04	5.26E-10
Th-230	1.28E+00						
Ra-226	1.62E-01						
Pb-210	4.75E-02						
Pu-239	1.52E-01	1.51E+05	2.71E-04	5.50E+02	5.50E+04	4.02E+00	7.31E-09
U-235	1.02E+00		1.51E-05				
Pa-231	3.19E-01		1.61E-07				
Ac-227	7.60E-02		1.97E-07				
Pu-240	1.51E-01	8.70E+04	5.58E-08	3.06E+05	3.06E+07	4.02E+00	1.31E-11
U-236	1.13E+00		3.28E-06				
Th-232	1.45E+00		8.21E-13				
Ra-228	1.92E-01		8.21E-13				
Th-228	2.06E-01		8.21E-13				
Tc-99	3.40E+01	1.00E+03	3.60E+01	9.46E-01	9.46E+01	1.25E-03	1.32E-09
U-234	1.08E+00	1.50E+04	2.28E+00	3.84E-01	3.84E+01	6.96E-01	1.81E-06
Th-230	1.28E+00		1.97E-02				
Ra-226	1.62E-01		1.69E-02				
Pb-210	4.75E-02		1.69E-02				
U-235	1.02E+00	1.52E+04	2.38E+00	4.00E-01	4.00E+01	3.02E-02	7.55E-08
Pa-231	3.19E-01		7.84E-03				
Ac-227	7.60E-02		9.57E-03				
U-238	7.68E-01	1.52E+04	2.38E+00	3.12E-01	3.12E+01	4.78E-03	1.53E-08
U-234	1.08E+00		1.00E-01				
Th-230	1.28E+00		4.42E-04				
Ra-226	1.62E-01		3.30E-04				
Pb-210	4.75E-02		3.29E-04				

a. The ARC inventory is based on the total risk including progeny. The risk for each of the progeny is not shown in this table but is calculated in GWSCREEN and incorporated into the calculation of the ARC inventory.
b. Am-241 is evaluated as Np-237, and Pu-238 is evaluated as U-234.
c. Based on an I-129 MCL of 1 pCi/L, the ARC inventory would be 0.02 Ci.

ARC = allowable residual contamination CPP = Chemical Processing Plant MCL = maximum contaminant level

Table 5-3. Radionuclide ARC inventories assuming a soil source (baseline) and comparison with

projected residual inventory.

	10 <sup>-6</sup> Risk Based			Risk Based	ARC Inventory	CPP-603A Inventory	
Nuclide Progeny	Water Concentration (pCi/L)	Time of Peak Concentration (yr)	Predicted Peak Concentration (pCi/L)	10 <sup>-6</sup> Risk (Ci)	10 <sup>-4</sup> Risk (Ci)	Projected in 500 Yr <sup>a</sup> (Ci)	Predicted Peak Risk (Ci)
Am-241 <sup>b</sup>	1.46E-01	6.45E+04					
as Np-237	1.60E-01	Am-241 assum	ned to be all Np-237	1.50E+00	1.50E+02	9.24E-06	6.16E-12
U-233	1.07E+00						
Th-229	1.35E-01						
C-14	4.62E+01	1.77E+03	1.23E-02	2.21E+00	2.21E+02	5.88E-04	2.66E-10
I-129 <sup>c</sup>	2.59E-01	1.45E+03	6.54E-04	6.13E-03	6.13E-01	1.55E-05	2.53E-09
Np-237	1.60E-01	6.45E+04	9.88E-04	1.50E+00	1.50E+02	1.00E-02	6.67E-09
U-233	1.07E+00		3.16E-04				
Th-229	1.35E-01		1.77E-05				
Pu-238 b	1.63E-01	4.05E+04					
as U-234	1.08E+00	Pu-238 assume	ed to be all U-234	3.17E+00	3.17E+02	2.02E-04	6.37E-11
Th-230	1.28E+00						
Ra-226	1.62E-01						
Pb-210	4.75E-02						
Pu-239	1.52E-01	1.72E+05	8.95E-05	6.57E+03	6.57E+05	3.96E+00	6.03E-10
U-235	1.02E+00		8.75E-06				
Pa-231	3.19E-01		9.70E-08				
Ac-227	7.60E-02		1.19E-07				
Pu-240	1.51E-01	9.09E+04	9.98E-09	4.93E+06	4.93E+08	3.82E+00	7.75E-13
U-236	1.13E+00		8.36E-07				
Th-232	1.45E+00		2.18E-13				
Ra-228	1.92E-01		2.18E-13				
Th-228	2.06E-01		2.18E-13				
Tc-99	3.40E+01	4.46E+03	6.70E-04	6.35E+01	6.35E+03	1.25E-03	1.97E-11
U-234	1.08E+00	4.05E+04	1.45E-01	3.17E+00	3.17E+02	6.96E-01	2.20E-07
Th-230	1.28E+00		3.10E-03				
Ra-226	1.62E-01		2.96E-03				
Pb-210	4.75E-02		2.96E-03				
U-235	1.02E+00	4.46E+04	7.13E-03	3.77E+00	3.77E+02	3.02E-02	8.01E-09
Pa-231	3.19E-01		5.16E-05				
Ac-227	7.60E-02		6.31E-05				
U-238	7.68E-01	4.46E+04	1.13E-03	2.93E+00	2.93E+02	4.78E-03	1.63E-09
U-234	1.08E+00		1.32E-04				
Th-230	1.28E+00		1.57E-06				
Ra-226	1.62E-01		1.43E-06				
Pb-210	4.75E-02		1.42E-06				

a. The ARC inventory is based on the total risk including progeny. The risk for each of the progeny is not shown in this table but is calculated in GWSCREEN and incorporated into the calculation of the ARC inventory.

b. Am-241 is evaluated as Np-237, and Pu-238 is evaluated as U-234. c. Based on an I-129 MCL of 1 pCi/L, the ARC inventory would be 0.02 Ci.

ARC = allowable residual contamination CPP = Chemical Processing Plant MCL = maximum contaminant level

Am-241 and Pu-238 are nuclides that are strongly sorbed but decay relatively quickly to more mobile contaminants (Np-237 and U-234). Therefore, exposure and risk in the aquifer from Am-241 and Pu-238 would come from the progeny Np-237 and U-234. In Tables 5-2 and 5-3, the Am-241 and Pu-238 ARC inventories are the activity equivalent of the ARC inventories calculated for the Np-237 and the U-234, respectively. In addition, in the CPP-603A inventory columns, Np-237 and U-234 inventories are listed under the Am-241 and Pu-238 inventories, because the Am-241 and Pu-238 inventories after 500 yr are misleading with respect to the model assumptions and results. Because the Am-241 and Pu-238 are assumed to exist completely as Np-237 and U-234, there are essentially no differences between the current inventory and the inventory in 500 yr.

C-14, I-129, and Tc-99 inventories were based solely on water samples and are not conservative if inventory is adsorbed to the sludge or in the debris or discrete objects. As can be seen in Tables 5-2 and 5-3, the estimated inventories are a factor of three to six orders of magnitude less than the ARC inventory and thousands of times less than the C-14 and Tc-99 inventory. Even if the C-14, I-129, and Tc-99 are somewhat underestimated, the inventories are still well below the ARC inventories.

Based on this streamlined risk assessment, filling the basins and canals soils or grout while leaving all current source inventory in place results in predicted groundwater concentrations that meet the required performance criteria. For groundwater, the performance criterion is to prevent migration of contaminants from the CPP-603A basins that would cause the Snake River Plain Aquifer, located outside the INTEC security fence, to exceed a cumulative carcinogenic risk level of  $1 \times 10^{-4}$ , a total hazard index of one, or applicable State of Idaho groundwater quality standards in 2095 and beyond. Note that the contribution to risk are sufficiently below the  $10^{-4}$  risk standard (at least a factor of 55 if filled with soil and 450 if filled with grout) so that based on this analysis, CPP-603 cannot be a significant contributor to cumulative risk.

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# Appendix A GWSCREEN Model Results

## **ENGINEERING DESIGN FILE**

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#### GWSCREEN Input Deck - Non-Radionuclides Set #1

```
Organics - CPP-603 - based on assumptions of ICDF CA modeling
                                         (Card 2) imode, itype, idisp, kflag, idil
                                       (Card 3) imodel, isolve, isolveu, imoist, imoistu
6 15 0.01
                                                  (Card 4) jstart jmax eps
70. 2.555E+04 2.0 350. 30. 1.0
                                              (Card 5) bw, at, wi, ef, ed, dlim
                                                 (Card 6) x0,y0
(Card 7) 1,w,perc
0. 0.
42.9 21.4 0.010
0.6 1.5
                                          (Card 8b) thicks, rhos, (source term values)
0.30
                                                 (Card 8c) thetas (source term mc)
                                                   (Card 9) depth, rhou, axu
22.7
     1.359 2.92
$ NOTE: The values of depth and axu are the ucode calibrated values
$ van Genuchten parameters from EDF-ER-275 60% Design Component Report Table 2-2 and 2-3
1.066 1.523 21.13 0.487 0.142 (Card 9b) alphau nu ksatu porsu thetaru $\text{suse calib values for ax and az ay=0.2ax and az=1.16e-3ax as stated in the MEPAS Manual
3.31 0.2 1.163E-3 76. 15. (Card 10) ax,ay,az,b,z(well screen thickness) $ Aqui dens and porosity from EDF-ER-275 60% Design Component Report Table 2-2 and 2-3
* --- Darcy velocity based on an assumed pore vel of ~ 1 m/d in EDF-ER-275 21.9 0.06 2.491 (Card 11) u.phi.rhoa
                                                   (Card 11) u,phi,rhoa
                                                    (Card 12a) nrecept
121.45 0.
                                              (Card 12b x y)
    11
0 0. 0. 999 1.0 1.0 1.0E6 0.0 (card14a) nprog kds kdu zmw qi rmi sl other
"ace" 1.e12 0. 3.56e3 (card14b) cname thalf kda dcf $ ------ Benzene ------ 2
0 0.2 0.2 999 1.0 1.0 1.0E6 0.0 (card14a) nprog kds kdu zmw qi rmi sl other
"benz" 1.e12 0.008 2.93 (card14b) cname thalf $ ----- Bromomethane----- 3
                                    (card14b) cname thalf kda dcf
0 0. 0. 999 1.0 1.0 1.0E6 0.0 (card14a) nprog kds kdu zmw qi rmi sl other
(card14b) cname thalf kda dcf
0 0.19 0.19 999 1.0 1.0 1.0E6 0.0 (card14a) nprog kds kdu zmw qi rmi sl other
"dichl" 1.e12 0.0076 7. (card14b) cname thalf kda dc
                                    (card14b) cname thalf kda dcf
0 0.026 0.026 999 1.0 1.0 1.0E6 0.0 (card14a) nprog kds kdu zmw qi rmi sl other "meth" 1.el2 0.00104 11.3 (card14b) cname thalf kda dcf
0 0.0 0.0 999 1.0 1.0 1.0E6 0.0 (card14a) nprog kds kdu zmw qi rmi sl other
"4-meth" 1.e12 0. 0.9999
                 0.9999 (card14b) cname thalf kda dcf
0 1.0 1.0 999 1.0 1.0 1.0E6 0.0 (card14a) nprog kds kdu zmw qi rmi sl other
"tol" 1.e12 0.04 7300.
                                   (card14b) cname thalf kda dcf
            ----- m- and p-xylene ------ 9
0 3.0 3.0 999 1.0 1.0 1.0E6 0.0 (card14a) nprog kds kdu zmw qi rmi sl other
0 0. 0. 999 1.0 1.0 1.0E6 0.0 (card14a) nprog kds kdu zmw qi rmi sl other "styr" 1.e12 0. 7300. (card14b) cname thalf kda dcf
```

### **GWSCREEN Output - Non-Radionuclides Set #1**

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT OF GOVERNMENT SPONSORSHIP AND LIMITATION OF LIABILITY

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```
OUTPUT FILE NAME: u-soil-nrad1.out
 INPUT FILE NAME: u-soil-nrad1.par
Title: Organics - CPP-603 - based on assumptions of ICDF CA modeling
Model Run Options
IMODE Contaminant Type and Impacts:
ITYPE (1) Vert Avg (2) 3D Point (3) 3d Avg:
IDISP (0) Fixed Dispersivity (1-3) Spatially Varying: KFLAG (1) Max Conc (2) Conc vs Time (3) Grid Output:
IDIL (1) No dilution factor (2) Include Dilution Factor:
IMOIST Source Moisture Content Option:
IMOISTU Unsaturated Moisture Content Option:
IMODEL (1) Surface/Burried Src (2) Pond (3) Usr Def: 1
ISOLVE (1) Gaussian Quarature (2) Simpsons Rule: (Aquifer) 1
ISOLVEU (1) Gaussian Quarature (2) Simpsons Rule: (Unsat Zone) 2
JSTART: 6
JMAX : 15
            1.000E-02
Health Effects: Ratio of groundwater concentration to MCL
Output mass/activity units: mg
Output concentration units: mg/m**3
Dose/Risk Conversion Units: mg/m**3
Output health effects units: Ratio of Cp/Cmcl
Cp = Peak groundwater concentration, Cmcl = Maximum contaminant limit
Exposure Parameters
Site Parameters
X Coordinate: 0.000E+00 Y Coordinate: 0.000E+00 Source Length (m): 4.290E+01 Source Width (m): 2.140E+01 Percolation Rate (m/y): 1.000E-02 Source Thickness (m): 6.000E-01 Src Bulk Density (g/cc): 1.500E+00 Source Moisture Content: 3.000E-01
Unsaturated Zone Parameters
```

## **ENGINEERING DESIGN FILE**

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Unsat Zone Thickness (m): 2.270E+01 Ur Unsat Alpha (1/m): 1.066E+00 Ur Saturated K in Unsat (m/y): 2.113E+01 Pc Unsat Residual Moisture: 1.420E-01 Ur	prosity of Unsat Zone: 4.870E-01 asat Dispersivity (m): 2.920E+00
Aquifer Zone Parameters	
Transverse/Longitud Ratio: 2.000E-01 Ve Aquifer Thickness (m): 7.600E+01 We Darcy Velocity (m/y): 2.190E+01 Ac Bulk Density (g/cc): 2.491E+00	ertical/Longitud Ratio: 1.163E-03 ell Screen Thickness (m): 1.500E+01 quifer Porosity: 6.000E-02
Calculated Flow Parameters	
Percolation Water Flux (m3/y): 9.1806E+00 Unsaturated Moisture Content: 2.8499E-01 Unsat Pore Velocity (m/y): 3.5089E-02 Aquifer Pore Velocity (m/y): 3.6500E+02	) L 2 2
Contaminant Data	
Contaminant Name:       ace         Half Life (y):       1.000E+12         Other Source Loss Rate (1/y):       0.000E+00         Kd Source (ml/g):       0.000E+00         Solubility Limit (mg/L):       1.000E+06         Molecular Weight (mg/L):       9.990E+02         Initial mass/activity:       1.000E+00         Kd Unsat (ml/g):       0.000E+00         Kd Aquifer (ml/g):       0.000E+00         Risk/Dose Conversion Factor:       3.560E+03	2 0 0 5 2 0 0 0 0
Calculated Contaminant Values	
Leach Rate Constant (1/y): Initial Pore Water Conc (Ci or mg/m**3): Solubility Limited Mass (mg): Unsaturated Retardation Factor: Mean Unsaturated Transit Time (y): Leading Edge Arrival Time (y): Aquifer Retardation Factor: Minimum Peak Window Time (y): Maximum Peak Window Time (y):	1.6525E+11 1.0000E+00 5.6903E+02 4.4500E+01 1.000E+00 4.4594E+01 6.9422E+02
Results for Receptor X = 1.21450E+02 Y =	0.00000E+00
X Dispersion Coeff $(m2/y)$ : 3.8461E+03 Y I Peak Concentration $(mg/m**3)$ : 7 Time of Peak $(y)$ : 5 Concentrations Averaged Between: 4.5 Average Concentration $(mg/m**3)$ : 7	
	5.052E+10
Contaminant Data	
Contaminant Name:         benz           Half Life (y):         1.000E+12           Other Source Loss Rate (1/y):         0.000E+06           Kd Source (ml/g):         2.000E-01           Solubility Limit (mg/L):         1.000E+06           Molecular Weight (mg/L):         9.990E+02           Initial mass/activity:         1.000E+06           Kd Unsat (ml/g):         2.000E-01           Kd Aquifer (ml/g):         8.000E-03           Risk/Dose Conversion Factor:         2.930E+06	0 1 5 2 2 0 1 1 3 0
Calculated Contaminant Values	
Decay Constants (1/y): Leach Rate Constant (1/y): Initial Pore Water Conc (Ci or mg/m**3): Solubility Limited Mass (mg): Unsaturated Retardation Factor: Mean Unsaturated Transit Time (y): Leading Edge Arrival Time (y): Aquifer Retardation Factor:	6.9315E-13 2.7778E-02

```
Maximum Peak Window Time (y):
                                                                                                                                                                1.3618E+03
 Results for Receptor X = 1.21450E+02 Y = 0.00000E+00
 X Dispersion Coeff (m2/y): 3.8461E+03 Y Dispersion Coeff (m2/y): 7.6922E+02
 Peak Concentration (mg/m**3): 3.609E-08
  Time of Peak (y):
                                                                                                                                                                1.0024E+03
 Concentrations Averaged Between: 9.8744E+02 and 1.0174E+03 years
Average Concentration (mg/m**3): 3.608E-08
Maximum Dose: 1.231E-08
 Average Concentration (mg/m**3): 3.608E-08 Maximum Dose: 1.231E-08 Maximum Allowable Inventory (mg): 8.121E+07
      Contaminant Data
      Contaminant Name: bro
                                                                                                                               1.000E+12
   Half Life (y):
    Risk/Dose Conversion Factor: 5.110E+01
  Calculated Contaminant Values
 Decay Constants (1/y): 6.9315E-13 Leach Rate Constant (1/y): 5.5556E-02
 Initial Pore Water Conc (Ci or mg/m**3): 6.0514E-03 Solubility Limited Mass (mg): 1.6525E+11 Unsaturated Retardation Factor: 1.0000E+00
Mean Unsaturated Transit Time (y): 5.6903E+02
Leading Edge Arrival Time (y): 4.4500E+01
Aquifer Retardation Factor: 1.000E+00
Minimum Peak Window Time (y): 4.4594E+01
Maximum Peak Window Time (y): 6.9422E+02
 Results for Receptor X = 1.21450E+02 Y = 0.00000E+00
 X Dispersion Coeff (m2/y): 3.8461E+03 Y Dispersion Coeff (m2/y): 7.6922E+02
 Peak Concentration (mg/m**3): 7.051E-08
Time of Peak (v): 5.1274E+02
 Time of Peak (y):
Concentrations Averaged Between:
Average Concentration (mg/m**3):
Maximum Dose:
Maximum Allowable Inventory (mg):

5.1274E+02
4.9774E+02 and 5.2774E+02 years
7.047E-08
1.379E-09
7.251E+08
 Contaminant Data
     Contaminant Name: 2-but
   ### Action | Color | C
    Kd Aquifer (ml/g): 0.000E+00
Risk/Dose Conversion Factor: 2.190E+04
  Calculated Contaminant Values
Decay Constants (1/y):
Leach Rate Constant (1/y):
Solubility Limited Mass (mg):
Unsaturated Retardation Factor:
Mean Unsaturated Transit Time (y):
Leading Edge Arrival Time (y):
Aquifer Retardation Factor:
Minimum Peak Window Time (y):
Maximum Peak Window Time (y):
Mean Unsaturated Transit Time (y):
Aquifer Retardation Factor:
Minimum Peak Window Time (y):
Maximum Peak Window Time (y):
Men Maximum Peak Window Time (y):
Minimum Peak Window Time (y):
Min
 Results for Receptor X = 1.21450E+02 Y = 0.00000E+00
 X Dispersion Coeff (m2/y): 3.8461E+03 Y Dispersion Coeff (m2/y): 7.6922E+02
 Peak Concentration (mg/m**3): 7.051E-08
                                                                                                                                                               5.1274E+02
 Time of Peak (y):
```

```
Concentrations Averaged Between: 4.9774E+02 and 5.2774E+02 years Average Concentration (mg/m**3): 7.047E-08 Maximum Dose: 3.218E-12 Maximum Allowable Inventory (mg): 3.108E+11
WARNING: PORE WATER CONCENTRATION OF THE MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE INVENTORY
         EXCEEDS THE SOLUBILITY LIMIT OF THE CONTAMINANT
Contaminant Data
Contaminant Name: dichl
Calculated Contaminant Values
                                           6.9315E-13
Decay Constants (1/y):
Decay Constants (1/y): 6.9315E-13
Leach Rate Constant (1/y): 2.8490E-02
Initial Pore Water Conc (Ci or mg/m**3): 3.1033E-03
Solubility Limited Mass (mg): 3.2224E+11
Unsaturated Retardation Factor: 1.9060E+00
Mean Unsaturated Transit Time (y): 1.0846E+03
Leading Edge Arrival Time (y): 8.4820E+01
Aquifer Retardation Factor: 1.316E+00
Minimum Peak Window Time (y): 8.4943E+01
Maximum Peak Window Time (y): 1.3285E+03
Results for Receptor X = 1.21450E+02 Y = 0.00000E+00
X Dispersion Coeff (m2/y): 3.8461E+03 Y Dispersion Coeff (m2/y): 7.6922E+02
Peak Concentration (mg/m**3): 3.699E-08
Time of Peak (y): 9.7796E+02
Time of Peak (y):
Concentrations Averaged Between: 9.6296E+02 and 9.9296E+02 years
Average Concentration (mg/m**3): 3.698E-08
Maximum Dose: 5.283E-09
Maximum Allowable Inventory (mg): 1.893E+08
Contaminant Data
  Contaminant Name: meth Half Life (y): 1.000E+12
 Risk/Dose Conversion Factor: 1.130F±01
Calculated Contaminant Values
Decay Constants (1/y):
                                         6.9315E-13
Leach Rate Constant (1/y):
                                                                4.9164E-02
Leach Rate Constant (1/y): 4.9164E-02
Initial Pore Water Conc (Ci or mg/m**3): 5.3552E-03
Solubility Limited Mass (mg): 1.8673E+11
Unsaturated Retardation Factor: 1.1240E+00
Mean Unsaturated Transit Time (y): 6.3958E+02
Leading Edge Arrival Time (y): 5.0018E+01
Aquifer Retardation Factor: 1.043E+00
Minimum Peak Window Time (y): 5.0116E+01
Maximum Peak Window Time (y): 7.8101E+02
Results for Receptor X = 1.21450E+02 Y = 0.00000E+00
X Dispersion Coeff (m2/y): 3.8461E+03 Y Dispersion Coeff (m2/y): 7.6922E+02
Peak Concentration (mg/m**3): 6.273E-08
Time of Peak (v): 5.7640E+02
Time of Peak (y):
Concentrations Averaged Between: 5.6140E+02 and 5.9140E+02 years Average Concentration (mg/m**3): 6.270E-08
                                                           6.270E-08
Maximum Dose: 5.549E-09
Maximum Allowable Inventory (mg): 1.802E+08
```

```
Contaminant Data
                                                                    ______
 Contaminant Name: 4-meth
Half Life (y): 1.000E+12
Other Source Loss Rate (1/y): 0.000E+00
Kd Source (ml/g): 0.000E+00
Solubility Limit (mg/L): 1.000E+06
Molecular Weight (mg/L): 9.990E+02
Initial mass/activity: 1.000E+00
Kd Unsat (ml/g): 0.000E+00
Kd Aquifer (ml/g): 0.000E+00
Risk/Dose Conversion Factor: 9.999E-01
                    ------
Calculated Contaminant Values
                                                   6.9315E-13
Decay Constants (1/y):
Leach Rate Constant (1/y):
                                                                    5.5556E-02
Initial Pore Water Conc (Ci or mg/m**3): 6.0514E-03
Solubility Limited Mass (mg): 1.6525E+11
Unsaturated Retardation Factor: 1.0000E+00
Mean Unsaturated Transit Time (y): 5.6903E+02
Leading Edge Arrival Time (y): 4.4500E+01
Aquifer Retardation Factor: 1.000E+00
Minimum Peak Window Time (y): 4.4594E+01
Maximum Peak Window Time (y): 6.9422E+02
                ......
 Results for Receptor X = 1.21450E+02 Y = 0.00000E+00
X Dispersion Coeff (m2/y): 3.8461E+03 Y Dispersion Coeff (m2/y): 7.6922E+02
Peak Concentration (mg/m**3): 7.051E-08
Time of Peak (y): 5.1274E+02
Time of Peak (y): 5.1274E+02
Concentrations Averaged Between: 4.9774E+02 and 5.2774E+02 years
Average Concentration (mg/m**3): 7.047E-08
Maximum Dose: 7.048E-08
Maximum Allowable Inventory (mg): 1.419E+07
Contaminant Data
  Contaminant Name: tol
                                                     1.000E+12
 Half Life (y):
Calculated Contaminant Values
                     6.9315E-13
9.2593E-03
Decay Constants (1/y):
Decay Constants (1/y): 6.9315E-13
Leach Rate Constant (1/y): 9.2593E-03
Initial Pore Water Conc (Ci or mg/m**3): 1.0086E-03
Solubility Limited Mass (mg): 9.9150E+11
Unsaturated Retardation Factor: 5.7687E+00
Mean Unsaturated Transit Time (y): 3.2826E+03
Leading Edge Arrival Time (y): 2.5671E+02
Aquifer Retardation Factor: 2.661E+00
Minimum Peak Window Time (y): 2.5696E+02
Maximum Peak Window Time (y): 4.0323E+03
 Results for Receptor X = 1.21450E+02 Y = 0.00000E+00
X Dispersion Coeff (m2/y): 3.8461E+03 Y Dispersion Coeff (m2/y): 7.6922E+02
Peak Concentration (mg/m**3): 1.222E-08
Time of Peak (y): 2.9613E+03
Concentrations Averaged Between: 2.9463E+03 and 2.9763E+03 years
Average Concentration (mg/m**3): 1.222E-08
Maximum Dose: 1.674E-12
Maximum Allowable Inventory (mg): 5.974E+11
 Contaminant Data
  Contaminant Name: mp-xyl Half Life (y): 1.000E+12
  Half Life (y):
  Other Source Loss Rate (1/y): 0.000E+00
Kd Source (ml/g): 3.000E+00
Solubility Limit (mg/L): 1.000E+06
```

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```
Molecular Weight (mg/L): 9.990E+02
Initial mass/activity: 1.000E+00
Kd Unsat (ml/g): 3.000E+00
Kd Aquifer (ml/g): 1.200E-01
  Risk/Dose Conversion Factor: 7.300E+04
Calculated Contaminant Values
Decay Constants (1/y):
                                                     6.9315E-13
Leach Rate Constant (1/y):
Leach Rate Constant (1/y): 3.4722E-03 Initial Pore Water Conc (Ci or mg/m**3): 3.7821E-04 Solubility Limited Mass (mg): 2.6440E+12 Unsaturated Retardation Factor: 1.5306E+01 Mean Unsaturated Transit Time (y): 8.7096E+03 Leading Edge Arrival Time (y): 6.8112E+02 Aquifer Retardation Factor: 5.982E+00 Minimum Peak Window Time (y): 6.8168E+02 Maximum Peak Window Time (y): 1.0708E+04
                                                                                3.4722E-03
Results for Receptor X = 1.21450E+02 Y = 0.00000E+00
X Dispersion Coeff (m2/y): 3.8461E+03 Y Dispersion Coeff (m2/y): 7.6922E+02
Peak Concentration (mg/m**3): 4.605E-09
Time of Peak (y): 7.8584E+03
Time of Peak (y):
Concentrations Averaged Between: 7.8434E+03 and 7.8734E+03 years
Average Concentration (mg/m**3): 4.605E-09
Average Concentration (mg/m**3): 4.605E-09

Maximum Dose: 6.309E-14

Maximum Allowable Inventory (mg): 1.585E+13

WARNING: PORE WATER CONCENTRATION OF THE MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE INVENTORY
        EXCEEDS THE SOLUBILITY LIMIT OF THE CONTAMINANT
 Contaminant Data
 Contaminant Name: 0-xyl
Half Life (y): 1.000E+12
Other Source Loss Rate (1/y): 0.000E+00
Kd Source (ml/g): 0.000E+00
Solubility Limit (mg/L): 1.000E+06
Molecular Weight (mg/L): 9.990E+02
Initial mass/activity: 1.000E+00
Kd Unsat (ml/g): 0.000E+00
Kd Aquifer (ml/g): 0.000E+00
  Kd Aquifer (ml/g): 0.000E+00
Risk/Dose Conversion Factor: 7.300E+04
 Calculated Contaminant Values
       _____
Decay Constants (1/y):
                                                6.9315E-13
Decay Constants (1/y): 6.9315E-13
Leach Rate Constant (1/y): 5.5556E-02
Initial Pore Water Conc (Ci or mg/m**3): 6.0514E-03
Solubility Limited Mass (mg): 1.6525E+11
Unsaturated Retardation Factor: 1.0000E+00
Mean Unsaturated Transit Time (y): 5.6903E+02
Leading Edge Arrival Time (y): 4.4500E+01
Aquifer Retardation Factor: 1.000E+00
Minimum Peak Window Time (y): 4.4594E+01
Maximum Peak Window Time (y): 6.9422E+02
Results for Receptor X = 1.21450E+02 Y = 0.00000E+00
                                  _____
X Dispersion Coeff (m2/y): 3.8461E+03 Y Dispersion Coeff (m2/y): 7.6922E+02
Peak Concentration (mg/m**3): 7.051E-08
Time of Peak (y): 5.1274E+02
Time of Peak (y):
Concentrations Averaged Between: 4.9774E+02 and 5.2774E+02 years
Average Concentration (mg/m**3): 7.047E-08
Maximum Dose: 9.653E-13
Maximum Allowable Inventory (mg): 1.036E+12
 WARNING: PORE WATER CONCENTRATION OF THE MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE INVENTORY
    EXCEEDS THE SOLUBILITY LIMIT OF THE CONTAMINANT
Contaminant Data
  Contaminant Name: styr
  Other Source Loss Rate (1/y): 0.000E+00 Kd Source (ml/q):

      Kd Source (ml/g):
      0.000E+00

      Solubility Limit (mg/L):
      1.000E+06

      Molecular Weight (mg/L):
      9.990E+02

      Initial mass/activity:
      1.000E+00

      Kd Unsat (ml/g):
      0.000E+00

  Kd Unsat (ml/g):
```

```
Calculated Contaminant Values
                                      6.9315E-13
Decay Constants (1/y):
Leach Rate Constant (1/y):
                                                       5.5556E-02
Initial Pore Water Conc (Ci or mg/m**3): 6.0514E-03
Initial Pore Water Conc (C1 or mg/m**3): 6.0514E-03
Solubility Limited Mass (mg): 1.6525E+11
Unsaturated Retardation Factor: 1.0000E+00
Mean Unsaturated Transit Time (y): 5.6903E+02
Leading Edge Arrival Time (y): 4.4500E+01
Aquifer Retardation Factor: 1.000E+00
Minimum Peak Window Time (y): 4.4594E+01
Maximum Peak Window Time (y): 6.9422E+02
Results for Receptor X = 1.21450E+02 Y = 0.00000E+00
X Dispersion Coeff (m2/y): 3.8461E+03 Y Dispersion Coeff (m2/y): 7.6922E+02
Peak Concentration (mg/m**3):
                                                      7.051E-08
                                                     5.1274E+02
Time of Peak (y):
Concentrations Averaged Between:
                                                  4.9774E+02 and 5.2774E+02 years
Average Concentration (mg/m**3):
                                                  7.047E-08
9.653E-12
Maximum Dose:
Maximum Allowable Inventory (mg):
                                                    1.036E+11
Execution Time (Seconds):
```

### **GWSCREEN Input Deck – Non-Radionuclides Set #2**

```
Nonrad 2 - CPP-603 - 2004 simulations for EE/CA
                                             (Card 2) imode, itype, idisp, kflag, idil
4 3 1 1 1
1 1 2 1 2
                                          (Card 3) imodel, isolve, isolveu, imoist, imoistu
                                                     (Card 4) jstart jmax eps
6 15 0.01
                                                 (Card 5) bw,at,wi,ef,ed,dlim
(Card 6) x0,y0
(Card 7) l,w,perc
70. 2.555E+04 2.0 350. 30. 1.0
42.9 21.4 0.010
0.6 1.5
0.30
                                             (Card 8b) thicks, rhos, (source term values)
(Card 8c) thetas (source term mc)
                                                       (Card 9) depth, rhou, axu
      1.359 2.92
$ NOTE: The values of depth and axu are the ucode calibrated values
$ van Genuchten parameters from EDF-ER-275 60% Design Component Report Table 2-2 and 2-3
1.066 1.523 21.13 0.487 0.142
                                                (Card 9b) alphau nu ksatu porsu thetaru
$use calib values for ax and az ay=0.2ax and az=1.16e-3ax as stated in the MEPAS Manual 3.31 0.2 1.163E-3 76. 15. (Card 10) ax,ay,az,b,z(well screen thickness)
3.31 0.2 1.163E-3 76. 15. (Card 10) ax,ay,az,b,z(well screen thickness) $ Aqui dens and porosity from EDF-ER-275 60% Design Component Report Table 2-2 and 2-3
$ --- Darcy velocity based on an assumed pore vel of ~ 1 m/d in EDF-ER-275 21.9 0.06 2.491 (Card 11) u,phi,rhoa
                                                       (Card 11) u,phi,rhoa
                                                        (Card 12a) nrecept
121.45 0.
                                                  (Card 12b x y)
15
                                      (Card 12) ncontam
3. 3. 999 1.0 1.0 1.0 E6 0.0 (card14a) nprog kds kdu zmw qi rmi sl other
'arsen' 1.e12 0.12 5.67e-2 (card14b) cnam
$ -----1
                                    (card14b) cname thalf kda dcf
0 50. 50. 999 1.0 1.0 1.0E6 0.0 (card14a) nprog kds kdu zmw qi rmi sl other
'bar' 1.e12 2. 2.56e+03 (card14b) cname $ ----- beryllium----- 1
                                    (card14b) chame thalf kda dcf
0 250. 250. 999 1.0 1.0 1.0E6 0.0 (card14a) nprog kds kdu zmw qi rmi sl other
'beryl' 1.e12 10. 1.98E-02 (card14b) cname thalf kda dcf
  ----- cadmium----- 1
   6. 6. 999 1.0 1.0 1.0E6 0.0 (card14a) nprog kds kdu zmw qi rmi sl other
'cadmi' 1.e12 0.24 3.65E+01 (card14b) cname thalf kda dcf
'chrom' 1.e12 0.048 1.83E+02 (card14b) chame that
```

### **GWSCREEN Output – Non-Radionuclides Set #2**

```
* This output was produced by the model: *

GWSCREEN *

Version 2.5a *

* A semi-analytical model for the assessment *

of the groundwater pathway from the leaching *

of surficial and buried contamination and *

release of contaminants from percolation ponds *

* 08/26/2003 *

Arthur S. Rood *

Idaho National Engineering and *

Environmental Laboratory *

PO Box 1625 *

Idaho Falls, Idaho 83415 *
```

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT OF GOVERNMENT SPONSORSHIP AND LIMITATION OF LIABILITY

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```
______
 OUTPUT FILE NAME: u-soil-nrad2.out
 INPUT FILE NAME: u-soil-nrad2.par
Title: Nonrad 2 - CPP-603 - 2004 simulations for EE/CA
Model Run Options
IMODE Contaminant Type and Impacts:
ITYPE (1) Vert Avg (2) 3D Point (3) 3d Avg:
IDISP (0) Fixed Dispersivity (1-3) Spatially Varying:
KFLAG (1) Max Conc (2) Conc vs Time (3) Grid Output:
IDIL (1) No dilution factor (2) Include Dilution Factor:
IMOIST Source Moisture Content Option:
IMOISTU Unsaturated Moisture Content Option:
IMODEL (1) Surface/Burried Src (2) Pond (3) Usr Def: ISOLVE (1) Gaussian Quarature (2) Simpsons Rule: (Aquifer)
ISOLVEU (1) Gaussian Quarature (2) Simpsons Rule: (Unsat Zone) 2
JSTART: 6
JMAX : 15
EPS : 1.0
           1.000E-02
Health Effects: Ratio of groundwater concentration to MCL
Output mass/activity units: mg
Output concentration units: mg/m**3
Dose/Risk Conversion Units: mg/m**3
Output health effects units: Ratio of Cp/Cmcl
Cp = Peak groundwater concentration, Cmcl = Maximum contaminant limit
```

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Body Mass (kg): Water Ingestion (L/d): Exposure Duration (y):	2.000E+00 Exp 3.000E+01 Lir	posure Freq miting Dose:	(days): (day/year):	25550. 3.500E+02 1.000E+00	
Site Parameters					
<pre>X Coordinate: Source Length (m): Percolation Rate (m/y):</pre>	0.000E+00 Y 4.290E+01 Sc 1.000E-02 6.000E-01 Si 3.000E-01	ource Width		0.000E+00 2.140E+01 1.500E+00	
Unsaturated Zone Parameters					
Unsat Zone Thickness (m): Unsat Alpha (1/m): Saturated K in Unsat (m/y): Unsat Residual Moisture:	1.066E+00 Ur 2.113E+01 Pc 1.420E-01 Ur	nsat n: orosity of U nsat Dispers	Jnsat Zone: Sivity (m):	1.359E+00 1.523E+00 4.870E-01 2.920E+00	
Aquifer Zone Parameters					
Transverse/Longitud Ratio: Aquifer Thickness (m): Darcy Velocity (m/y): Bulk Density (g/cc):	2.000E-01 Ve 7.600E+01 We 2.190E+01 Ac 2.491E+00	ertical/Long ell Screen T quifer Poros	gitud Ratio: Thickness (m): sity:	1.163E-03 1.500E+01 6.000E-02	
Calculated Flow Parameters					
Percolation Water Flux (m3/y) Unsaturated Moisture Content: Unsat Pore Velocity (m/y): Aquifer Pore Velocity (m/y):	2.8499E-01 3.5089E-02 3.6500E+02	0 1 2 2			
Contaminant Data					
Contaminant Name: alumi Half Life (y): 1.000E+12 Other Source Loss Rate (1/y): 0.000E+00 Kd Source (ml/g): 2.500E+02 Solubility Limit (mg/L): 1.000E+06 Molecular Weight (mg/L): 9.990E+02 Initial mass/activity: 1.000E+00 Kd Unsat (ml/g): 2.500E+02 Kd Aquifer (ml/g): 1.000E+01 Risk/Dose Conversion Factor: 3.650E+04					
Calculated Contaminant Values					
Decay Constants (1/y): Leach Rate Constant (1/y): Initial Pore Water Conc (Ci or mg/m**3): Solubility Limited Mass (mg): Unsaturated Retardation Factor: Leading Edge Arrival Time (y): Aquifer Retardation Factor: Minimum Peak Window Time (y): Solubility Limited Mass (mg): Leading Edge Arrival Time (y): Leading Edge Arrival Time (y): Solubility Limited Mass (mg): Leading Edge Arrival Time (y): Solubility Limited Mass (mg): Leading Edge Arrival Time (y): Solubility Limited Mass (mg): Leading Edge Arrival Time (y): Solubility Limited Mass (mg): Leading Edge Arrival Time (y): Solubility Limited Mass (mg): Leading Edge Arrival Time (y): Solubility Limited Mass (mg): Leading Edge Arrival Mass (mg): Leading Edge Arrival Time (y): Solubility Limited Mass (mg): Leading Edge Arrival Mass (mg): Leading Edge Arrival Time (y): Solubility Limited Mass (mg): Leading Edge Arrival Mass (mg): Leading Edge Arrival Time (y): Solubility Limited Mass (mg): Leading Edge Arrival Mass (mg): Leading Edge Arrival Time (y): Solubility Limited Mass (mg): Leading Edge Arrival Mass (mg): Leading Edge Arrival Time (y): Solubility Limited Mass (mg): Leading Edge Arrival Time (y): Solubility Limited Mass (mg): Leading Edge Arrival Time (y): Solubility Limited Mass (mg): Leading Edge Arrival Time (y): Solubility Limited Mass (mg): Leading Edge Arrival Time (y): Solubility Limited Mass (mg): Leading Edge Arrival Time (y): Solubility Limited Mass (mg): Leading Edge Arrival Time (y): Solubility Limited Mass (mg): Leading Edge Arrival Time (y): Solubility Limited Mass (mg): Leading Edge Arrival Time (y): Solubility Limited Mass (mg): Leading Edge Arrival Time (y): Solubility Limited Mass (mg): Leading Edge Arrival Time (y): Solubility Limited Mass (mg): Leading Edge Arrival Time (y): Solubility Limited Mass (mg): Leading Edge Arrival Time (y): Solubility Limited Mass (mg): Leading Edge Arrival Time (y): Solubility Limited Mass (mg): Leading Edge Arrival Time (y): Solubility Limited Mass (mg): Leading Edge Arrival Time (y): Leading Edge Arrival Time (					
Results for Receptor $X = 1.2$	1450E+02 Y =	0.0000E+00	)		
X Dispersion Coeff (m2/y): 3.8461E+03 Y Dispersion Coeff (m2/y): 7.6922E+02 Peak Concentration (mg/m**3): 5.908E-11 Time of Peak (y): 6.1265E+05 Concentrations Averaged Between: 6.1263E+05 and 6.1266E+05 years Average Concentration (mg/m**3): 5.908E-11 Maximum Dose: 1.619E-15 Maximum Allowable Inventory (mg): 6.178E+14 WARNING: PORE WATER CONCENTRATION OF THE MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE INVENTORY EXCEEDS THE SOLUBILITY LIMIT OF THE CONTAMINANT					
Contaminant Data					
Contaminant Name: Half Life (y): Other Source Loss Rate (1/y) Kd Source (ml/g): Solubility Limit (mg/L): Molecular Weight (mg/L):	argen				

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Initial mass/activity: 1.000E+00
Kd Unsat (ml/g): 3.000E+00
Kd Aquifer (ml/g): 1.200E-01
Risk/Dose Conversion Factor: 5.670E-02
 Calculated Contaminant Values
Decay Constants (1/y):

Leach Rate Constant (1/y):

Initial Pore Water Conc (Ci or mg/m**3):

Solubility Limited Mass (mg):

Unsaturated Retardation Factor:

Mean Unsaturated Transit Time (y):

Aquifer Retardation Factor:

Minimum Peak Window Time (y):

Maximum Peak Window Time (y):

1.3.4722E-03

1.7821E-04

2.6440E+12

1.5306E+01

8.7096E+03

6.8112E+02

Aquifer Retardation Factor:

5.982E+00

Minimum Peak Window Time (y):

1.0708E+04
                                                                6.9315E-13
 Decay Constants (1/y):
 Results for Receptor X = 1.21450E+02 Y = 0.00000E+00
 X Dispersion Coeff (m2/y): 3.8461E+03 Y Dispersion Coeff (m2/y): 7.6922E+02
 Peak Concentration (mg/m**3): 4.605E-09
Time of Peak (y): 7.8584E+03
 Time of Peak (y):
 Concentrations Averaged Between: 7.8434E+03 and 7.8734E+03 years
Average Concentration (mg/m**3): 4.605E-09
Maximum Dose: 8.122E-08
Maximum Allowable Inventory (mg): 1.231E+07
                                                                 -----
 Contaminant Data
   Contaminant Name: bar
                                                                  1.000E+12
   Half Life (y):
   Other Source Loss Rate (1/y): 0.000E+00

      Other Source Loss Rate (1/y):
      0.000E+00

      Kd Source (ml/g):
      5.000E+01

      Solubility Limit (mg/L):
      1.000E+06

      Molecular Weight (mg/L):
      9.990E+02

      Initial mass/activity:
      1.000E+00

      Kd Unsat (ml/g):
      5.000E+01

      Kd Aquifer (ml/g):
      2.000E+00

      Risk/Dose Conversion Factor:
      2.560E+03

 Calculated Contaminant Values
        -----
Decay Constants (1/y):

Leach Rate Constant (1/y):

Initial Pore Water Conc (Ci or mg/m**3):

Solubility Limited Mass (mg):

Unsaturated Retardation Factor:

Mean Unsaturated Transit Time (y):

Leading Edge Arrival Time (y):

Admifer Retardation Factor:

8.403E+01
1.0663E+04
 Decay Constants (1/y):
                                                    6.9315E-13
 Aquifer Retardation Factor:
Minimum Peak Window Time (y):
Maximum Peak Window Time (y):
                                                                                   1.0663E+04
1.6760E+05
 Results for Receptor X = 1.21450E+02 Y = 0.00000E+00
 X Dispersion Coeff (m2/y): 3.8461E+03 Y Dispersion Coeff (m2/y): 7.6922E+02
 Peak Concentration (mg/m**3): 2.944E-10
Time of Peak (y): 1.2294E+05
 Time of Peak (y):
 Concentrations Averaged Between: 1.2292E+05 and 1.2295E+05 years
Average Concentration (mg/m**3): 2.944E-10
Maximum Dose: 1.150E-13
                                                                   : 8.696E+12
 Maximum Allowable Inventory (mg):
 Contaminant Data
   Contaminant Name: beryl Half Life (y): 1.000E+12
  ### Action (1/9): 1.000E+10

Other Source Loss Rate (1/y): 0.000E+00

Kd Source (ml/g): 2.500E+02

Solubility Limit (mg/L): 1.000E+06

Molecular Weight (mg/L): 9.990E+02

Initial mass/activity: 1.000E+00

Kd Unsat (ml/g): 2.500E+02

Kd Aquifer (ml/g): 1.000E+01
   Kd Aquifer (ml/g): 1.000E+01
Risk/Dose Conversion Factor: 1.980E-02
 Calculated Contaminant Values
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Taitie Constant (1/y):
Decay Constants (1/y):
                                                                     4.4409E-05
Initial Pore Water Conc (Ci or mg/m**3): 4.8373E-06
Solubility Limited Mass (mg): 2.0673E+14
Unsaturated Retardation Factor: 1.1932E+03
Mean Unsaturated Transit Time (y):
Leading Edge Arrival Time (y):
Aquifer Retardation Factor:
                                                                    6.7895E+05
                                                                   5.3096E+04
4.162E+02
Minimum Peak Window Time (y): 5.3135E+04
Maximum Peak Window Time (y): 8.3521E+05
Results for Receptor X = 1.21450E+02 Y = 0.00000E+00
  -----
X Dispersion Coeff (m2/y): 3.8461E+03 Y Dispersion Coeff (m2/y): 7.6922E+02
Peak Concentration (mg/m**3): 5.908E-11
Time of Peak (v): 6.1265E+05
Time of Peak (y):
Time of Peak (y):

Concentrations Averaged Between:

Average Concentration (mg/m**3):

Maximum Dose:

Maximum Allowable Inventory (mg):

5.1263E+05

6.1266E+05 years

5.908E-11

2.984E-09

3.352E+08
Maximum Allowable Inventory (mg):
Contaminant Data
                           ._____
  Contaminant Name:
                                                      cadmi
                                                      1.000E+12
 Half Life (y):
 Half Life (y): 1.000E+12
Other Source Loss Rate (1/y): 0.000E+00
Kd Source (ml/g): 6.000E+00
Solubility Limit (mg/L): 1.000E+06
Molecular Weight (mg/L): 9.990E+02
Initial mass/activity: 1.000E+00
Kd Unsat (ml/g): 6.000E+00
Kd Aquifer (ml/g): 2.400E-01
Risk/Dose Conversion Factor: 3.650E+01
Calculated Contaminant Values
                                                   6.9315E-13
Decay Constants (1/y):
Leach Rate Constant (1/y): 1.7921E-03
Initial Pore Water Conc (Ci or mg/m**3): 1.9521E-04
Solubility Limited Mass (mg): 5.1228E+12
Unsaturated Retardation Factor: 2.9612E+01
Mean Unsaturated Transit Time (y): 1.6850E+04
Leading Edge Arrival Time (y): 1.3177E+03
Aquifer Retardation Factor: 1.096E+01
Minimum Peak Window Time (y): 1.3188E+03
Maximum Peak Window Time (y): 2.0723E+04
Results for Receptor X = 1.21450E+02 Y = 0.00000E+00
X Dispersion Coeff (m2/y): 3.8461E+03 Y Dispersion Coeff (m2/y): 7.6922E+02
Peak Concentration (mg/m**3): 2.380E-09
Time of Peak (y):
                                                                    1.5204E+04
Concentrations Averaged Between: 1.5189E+04 and 1.5219E+04 years
Average Concentration (mg/m**3): 2.380E-09
Maximum Dose: 6.522E-11
Maximum Allowable Inventory (mg): 1.533E+10
Contaminant Data
  Contaminant Name: chlor
 Half Life (y):
                                                      1.000E+12
  Other Source Loss Rate (1/y): 0.000E+00
 Other Source Loss Rate (1/y): 0.000E+00

Kd Source (ml/g): 0.000E+00

Solubility Limit (mg/L): 1.000E+06

Molecular Weight (mg/L): 9.990E+02

Initial mass/activity: 1.000E+00

Kd Unsat (ml/g): 0.000E+00

Risk/Dose Conversion Factor: 2.500E+05
Calculated Contaminant Values
  _______
Decay Constants (1/y):
                                               6.9315E-13
5.5556E-02
Leach Rate Constant (1/y):
Leach Rate Constant (1/y):

Initial Pore Water Conc (Ci or mg/m**3): 6.0514E-03
Solubility Limited Mass (mg): 1.6525E+11
Unsaturated Retardation Factor: 1.0000E+00
Mean Unsaturated Transit Time (y): 5.6903E+02
Leading Edge Arrival Time (y): 4.4500E+01
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Aguifer Retardation Factor:
Minimum Peak Window Time (y): 4.4594E+01
Maximum Peak Window Time (y): 6.9422E+02
Results for Receptor X = 1.21450E+02 Y = 0.00000E+00
        ·-----
X Dispersion Coeff (m2/y): 3.8461E+03 Y Dispersion Coeff (m2/y): 7.6922E+02
Peak Concentration (mg/m**3): 7.051E-08
Time of Peak (y): 5.1274E+02
Time of Peak (y):
Concentrations Averaged Between: 4.9774E+02 and 5.2774E+02 years
Average Concentration (mg/m**3): 7.047E-08
Maximum Dose: 2.819E-13
Maximum Allowable Inventory (mg): 3.548E+12
WARNING: PORE WATER CONCENTRATION OF THE MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE INVENTORY
         EXCEEDS THE SOLUBILITY LIMIT OF THE CONTAMINANT
Contaminant Data
  Contaminant Name: chrom
                                                             1.000E+12
  Half Life (y):
 Kd Source (ml/g): 0.000E+00

Kd Source (ml/g): 1.200E+00

Solubility Limit (mg/L): 1.000E+06

Molecular Weight (mg/L): 9.990E+02

Initial mass/activity: 1.000E+00

Kd Unsat (ml/g): 1.200E+00

Kd Aquifer (ml/g): 4.800E-02

Risk/Dose Conversion Factor: 1.830E+02
  Other Source Loss Rate (1/y): 0.000E+00
Calculated Contaminant Values
                                                  6.9315E-13
7.9365E-03
Decay Constants (1/y):
Leach Rate Constant (1/y):
Leach Rate Constant (1/y): 7.9365E-03
Initial Pore Water Conc (Ci or mg/m**3): 8.6449E-04
Solubility Limited Mass (mg): 1.1568E+12
Unsaturated Retardation Factor: 6.7224E+00
Mean Unsaturated Transit Time (y): 3.8253E+03
Leading Edge Arrival Time (y): 2.9915E+02
Aquifer Retardation Factor: 2.993E+00
Minimum Peak Window Time (y): 2.9943E+02
Maximum Peak Window Time (y): 4.6999E+03
  .______
Results for Receptor X = 1.21450E+02 Y = 0.00000E+00
X Dispersion Coeff (m2/y): 3.8461E+03 Y Dispersion Coeff (m2/y): 7.6922E+02 Peak Concentration (mg/m**3): 1.049E-08 Time of Peak (y): 3.4510E+03
Time of Peak (y):

Concentrations Averaged Between:

Average Concentration (mg/m**3):

Maximum Dose:

3.451UB+U3
3.4660E+03 years
1.049E-08
5.730E-11
3.46E110
Maximum Allowable Inventory (mg):
                                                                            1.745E+10
       Contaminant Data
 Contaminant Name: lead
Half Life (y): 1.000E+12
Other Source Loss Rate (1/y): 0.000E+00
Kd Source (ml/g): 1.000E+02
Solubility Limit (mg/L): 1.000E+02
Molecular Weight (mg/L): 9.990E+02
Initial mass/activity: 1.000E+02
Kd Unsat (ml/g): 1.000E+02
Kd Aquifer (ml/g): 4.000E+02
Rjsk/Dose Conversion Factor: 1.500E+01
  Calculated Contaminant Values
Decay Constants (1/y):
                                                   6.9315E-13
Decay Constants (1/y):

Leach Rate Constant (1/y):

Initial Pore Water Conc (Ci or mg/m**3):

Solubility Limited Mass (mg):

Unsaturated Retardation Factor:

Mean Unsaturated Transit Time (y):

Leading Edge Arrival Time (y):

Aquifer Retardation Factor:

Minimum Peak Window Time (y):

Maximum Peak Window Time (y):

2.1265E+04

Maximum Peak Window Time (y):

3.3450E+05
Results for Receptor X = 1.21450E+02 Y = 0.00000E+00
```

```
X Dispersion Coeff (m2/y): 3.8461E+03 Y Dispersion Coeff (m2/y): 7.6922E+02
 Peak Concentration (mg/m**3): 1.475E-10
Time of Peak (y): 2.4537E+05
 Concentrations Averaged Between: 2.4535E+05 and 2.4538E+05 years
Average Concentration (mg/m**3): 1.475E-10
 Maximum Dose: 9.834E-12
Maximum Allowable Inventory (mg): 1.017E+11
 Contaminant Data
      ______
  Contaminant Name:
                                                        mercu
                                                         1.000E+12
  Half Life (y):
  Other Source Loss Rate (1/y): 0.000E+00
  Other Source Loss Rate (1/y): 0.000E+02

Kd Source (ml/g): 1.000E+02

Solubility Limit (mg/L): 9.990E+02

Initial mass/activity: 1.000E+00

Kd Unsat (ml/g): 1.000E+02

Kd Aquifer (ml/g): 4.000E+00

Risk/Dose Conversion Factor: 3.650E+00
 Calculated Contaminant Values
Decay Constants (1/y):
Leach Rate Constant (1/y):
Initial Pore Water Conc (Ci or mg/m**3):
Solubility Limited Mass (mg):
Unsaturated Retardation Factor:
Mean Unsaturated Transit Time (y):
Leading Edge Arrival Time (y):
Aquifer Retardation Factor:
Minimum Peak Window Time (y):
Minimum Peak Window Time (y):

1 21450E+02 Y = 0.00000E+0
                                                 6.9315E-13
 Results for Receptor X = 1.21450E+02 Y = 0.00000E+00
 X Dispersion Coeff (m2/y): 3.8461E+03 Y Dispersion Coeff (m2/y): 7.6922E+02
 Peak Concentration (mg/m**3): 1.475E-10
 Time of Peak (y):
                                                                        2.4537E+05
 Concentrations Averaged Between: 2.453/E+U5 and 2.4538E+05 years Average Concentration (mg/m**3): 1.475E-10 Maximum Dose: 4.041E-11 Maximum Allowable Inventory (mg): 2.474E+10
 Contaminant Data
  Contaminant Name: nicke
                                                         1.000E+12
  Half Life (y):
  Half Life (y): 1.000E+12
Other Source Loss Rate (1/y): 0.000E+00
Kd Source (ml/g): 1.000E+02
Solubility Limit (mg/L): 1.000E+06
Molecular Weight (mg/L): 9.990E+02
Initial mass/activity: 1.000E+00
Kd Unsat (ml/g): 1.000E+02
Kd Aquifer (ml/g): 4.000E+00
Risk/Dose Conversion Factor: 7.300E+02
 Calculated Contaminant Values
                                                  _____
                                                   6.9315E-13
1.1089E-04
 Decay Constants (1/y):
 Leach Rate Constant (1/y):
Leach Rate Constant (1/y): 1.1089E-04
Initial Pore Water Conc (Ci or mg/m**3): 1.2079E-05
Solubility Limited Mass (mg): 8.2791E+13
Unsaturated Retardation Factor: 4.7787E+02
Mean Unsaturated Transit Time (y): 2.7192E+05
Leading Edge Arrival Time (y): 2.1265E+04
Aquifer Retardation Factor: 1.671E+02
Minimum Peak Window Time (y): 2.1281E+04
Maximum Peak Window Time (y): 3.3450E+05
 Results for Receptor X = 1.21450E+02 Y = 0.00000E+00
 X Dispersion Coeff (m2/y): 3.8461E+03 Y Dispersion Coeff (m2/y): 7.6922E+02
 Peak Concentration (mg/m**3): 1.475E-10
 Time of Peak (y):
                                                                        2.4537E+05
 Concentrations Averaged Between: 2.4535E+05 and 2.4538E+05 years
Average Concentration (mg/m**3): 1.475E-10
Maximum Dose: 2.021E-13
```

Maximum Allowable Inventory (mg): 4.949E+12				
Contaminant Data				
Contaminant Name: selen  Half Life (y): 1.000E+12  Other Source Loss Rate (1/y): 0.000E+00  Kd Source (ml/g): 4.000E+00  Solubility Limit (mg/L): 1.000E+06  Molecular Weight (mg/L): 9.990E+02  Initial mass/activity: 1.000E+00  Kd Unsat (ml/g): 4.000E+00  Kd Aquifer (ml/g): 1.600E-01  Risk/Dose Conversion Factor: 1.830E+02				
Calculated Contaminant Values				
Decay Constants (1/y): Leach Rate Constant (1/y): Leach Rate Constant (1/y): Initial Pore Water Conc (Ci or mg/m**3): Solubility Limited Mass (mg): Unsaturated Retardation Factor: Mean Unsaturated Transit Time (y): Leading Edge Arrival Time (y): Aquifer Retardation Factor: Minimum Peak Window Time (y): Maximum Peak Window Time (y):  1.4046E+04				
Results for Receptor $X = 1.21450E+02 Y = 0.00000E+00$				
X Dispersion Coeff (m2/y): 3.8461E+03 Y Dispersion Coeff (m2/y): 7.6922E+02 Peak Concentration (mg/m**3): 3.511E-09 Time of Peak (y): 1.0307E+04 Concentrations Averaged Between: 1.0292E+04 and 1.0322E+04 years Average Concentration (mg/m**3): 3.511E-09 Maximum Dose: 1.919E-11 Maximum Allowable Inventory (mg): 5.212E+10				
Contaminant Data				
Contaminant Name: silic Half Life (y): 1.000E+12 Other Source Loss Rate (1/y): 0.000E+00 Kd Source (ml/g): 0.000E+00 Solubility Limit (mg/L): 1.000E+06 Molecular Weight (mg/L): 9.990E+02 Initial mass/activity: 1.000E+00 Kd Unsat (ml/g): 0.000E+00 Kd Aquifer (ml/g): 0.000E+00 Risk/Dose Conversion Factor: 1.000E+00				
Calculated Contaminant Values				
Decay Constants (1/y): Leach Rate Constant (1/y): Solubility Limited Mass (mg): Unsaturated Retardation Factor: Mean Unsaturated Transit Time (y): Leading Edge Arrival Time (y): Aquifer Retardation Factor: Minimum Peak Window Time (y): Maximum Peak Window Time (y): Mean Unsaturated Transit Time (y): Aquifer Retardation Factor: Minimum Peak Window Time (y): Maximum Peak Window Time (y): Maximum Peak Window Time (y): Maximum Peak Window Time (y): Model A 9315E-13 S.5556E-02 Model A 0.5514E-03 Model A 0.5				
Results for Receptor X = 1.21450E+02 Y = 0.00000E+00				
X Dispersion Coeff $(m2/y)$ : 3.8461E+03 Y Dispersion Coeff $(m2/y)$ : 7.6922E+02 Peak Concentration $(mg/m**3)$ : 7.051E-08 Time of Peak $(y)$ : 5.1274E+02 Concentrations Averaged Between: 4.9774E+02 and 5.2774E+02 years Average Concentration $(mg/m**3)$ : 7.047E-08 Maximum Dose: 7.047E-08 Maximum Allowable Inventory $(mg)$ : 1.419E+07				
Contaminant Data				
Contaminant Name: silve Half Life (y): 1.000E+12 Other Source Loss Rate (1/y): 0.000E+00				

```
Kd Source (ml/q):
                                                                     9.000E+01
  Solubility Limit (mg/L): 9.000E+01

Molecular Weight (mg/L): 9.990E+02

Initial mass/activity: 1.000E+00

Kd Unsat (ml/g): 9.000E+01

Kd Aquifer (ml/g): 3.600E+00
  Kd Aquifer (ml/g): 3.600E+00
Risk/Dose Conversion Factor: 1.830E+02
 Calculated Contaminant Values
                                                                 6.9315E-13
1.2318E-04
 Decay Constants (1/y):
Decay Constants (1/y):

Leach Rate Constant (1/y):

Initial Pore Water Conc (Ci or mg/m**3):

Solubility Limited Mass (mg):

Unsaturated Retardation Factor:

Mean Unsaturated Transit Time (y):

Leading Edge Arrival Time (y):

Aquifer Retardation Factor:

Minimum Peak Window Time (y):

Maximum Peak Window Time (y):

1.9157E+04

Maximum Peak Window Time (y):

3.0112E+05
 Results for Receptor X = 1.21450E+02 Y = 0.00000E+00
 X Dispersion Coeff (m2/y): 3.8461E+03 Y Dispersion Coeff (m2/y): 7.6922E+02
Peak Concentration (mg/m**3):

Time of Peak (y):

Concentrations Averaged Between:

Average Concentration (mg/m**3):

Average Concentration (mg/m**3):

Maximum Dose:

1.639E-10

8.954E-13
 Maximum Allowable Inventory (mg):
                                                                                   1.117E+12
 Contaminant Data
  Contaminant Name: urani Half Life (y): 1.000E+12
  Half Life (y): 1.000E+12
Other Source Loss Rate (1/y): 0.000E+00
Kd Source (ml/g): 6.000E+00
Solubility Limit (mg/L): 1.000E+06
Molecular Weight (mg/L): 9.990E+02
Initial mass/activity: 1.000E+00
Kd Unsat (ml/g): 6.000E+00
Kd Aquifer (ml/g): 2.400E-01
Risk/Dose Conversion Factor: 1.100E+02
 Calculated Contaminant Values
    Decay Constants (1/y):
                                                      6.9315E-13
Decay Constants (1/y): 6.9315E-13

Leach Rate Constant (1/y): 1.7921E-03

Initial Pore Water Conc (Ci or mg/m**3): 1.9521E-04

Solubility Limited Mass (mg): 5.1228E+12

Unsaturated Retardation Factor: 2.9612E+01

Mean Unsaturated Transit Time (y): 1.6850E+04

Leading Edge Arrival Time (y): 1.3177E+03

Aquifer Retardation Factor: 1.096E+01

Minimum Peak Window Time (y): 1.3188E+03

Maximum Peak Window Time (y): 2.0723E+04
 Results for Receptor X = 1.21450E+02 Y = 0.00000E+00
 X Dispersion Coeff (m2/y): 3.8461E+03 Y Dispersion Coeff (m2/y): 7.6922E+02
Peak Concentration (mg/m**3): 2.380E-09
Time of Peak (y): 1.5204E+04
Time of Peak (y):
 Concentrations Averaged Between: 1.5189E+04 and 1.5219E+04 years
Average Concentration (mg/m**3): 2.380E-09
Maximum Dose: 2.164E-11
Maximum Allowable Inventory (mg): 4.621E+10
Contaminant Data
  Contaminant Name: zinc
  Half Life (y):
                                                                     1.000E+12
  Other Source Loss Rate (1/y): 0.000E+00
  Other Source Loss Rate (1/y): 0.000E+00

Kd Source (ml/g): 1.600E+01

Solubility Limit (mg/L): 1.000E+06

Molecular Weight (mg/L): 9.990E+02

Initial mass/activity: 1.000E+00

Kd Unsat (ml/g): 1.600E+01

Kd Aquifer (ml/g): 6.400E-01

Risk/Dose Conversion Factor: 1.100E+04
```

```
Calculated Contaminant Values

Decay Constants (1/y): 6.9315E-13
Leach Rate Constant (1/y): 7.4709E-05
Solubility Limited Mass (mg): 1.3385E+13
Unsaturated Retardation Factor: 7.7298E+01
Mean Unsaturated Transit Time (y): 4.3985E+04
Leading Edge Arrival Time (y): 3.4398E+03
Aquifer Retardation Factor: 2.757E+01
Minimum Peak Window Time (y): 3.4424E+03
Maximum Peak Window Time (y): 5.4103E+04

Results for Receptor X = 1.21450E+02 Y = 0.00000E+00

X Dispersion Coeff (m2/y): 3.8461E+03 Y Dispersion Coeff (m2/y): 7.6922E+02
Peak Concentration (mg/m**3): 9.119E-10
Time of Peak (y): 3.9689E+04
Concentrations Averaged Between: 3.9674E+04 and 3.9704E+04 years
Average Concentration (mg/m**3): 9.119E-10
Maximum Dose: 8.290E-14
Maximum Allowable Inventory (mg): 1.206E+13
Execution Time (Seconds): 1
```

# GWSCREEN Input Deck – Radionuclides – Baseline Assuming Soil Source

```
CPP-603 - radionuclides - Soil source - Jan. 9, 2004
                                                                                         (Card 2) imode,itype,idisp,kflag,idil (Card 3) imodel,isolve,isolveu,imoist,imoistu
2 3 1 1 1
1 1 2 1 2
                                                                                                                (Card 4) jstart jmax eps
(Card 5) bw,at,wi,ef,ed,dlim
(Card 6) x0,y0
6 15 0.01
 70. 2.555E+04 2.0 350. 30. 1.0E-6
42.9 21.4 0.010
0.6 1.5
                                                                                                                            (Card 7) l,w,perc
                                                                                               (Card 8b) thicks, rhos, (source term values)
(Card 8c) thetas (source term mc)
0.30
                                                                                                                      (Card 9) depth, rhou, axu
$ NOTE: The values of depth and axu are the ucode calibrated values
$ van Genuchten parameters from EDF-ER-275 60% Design Component Report Table 2-2 and 2-3
1.066 1.523 21.13 0.487 0.142 (Card 9b) alphau nu ksatu porsu thetaru Suse calib values for ax and az ay=0.2ax and az=1.16e-3ax as stated in the MEPAS Manual Sbut ax, ay, and az are ignored if idisp > 0.
                                                                                                  (Card 9b) alphau nu ksatu porsu thetaru
 3.31 0.2 1.163E-3 76. 15.
                                                                                         (Card 10) ax, ay, az, b, z (well screen thickness)
 $ Aqui dens and porosity from EDF-ER-275 60% Design Component Report Table 2-2 and 2-3
 $ --- Darcy velocity based on an assumed pore vel of ~ 1 m/d in EDF-ER-275
                                                                                                                     (Card 11) u,phi,rhoa
                                                                                                                          (Card 12a) nrecept
121.45 0.
                                                                                                            (Card 12b x y)
     (Card 14) ncontam
C-14' 5.730E+03 0.004 1.03E+00 (card14b) cname thalf kda dcf
 0 0.1 0.1 129 1. 0. 1.0E+06 0. (card14a) nprog kds kdu zmw qi rmi sl other
 'I-129' 1.570E+07 0.004 1.84E+02 (card14b) cname thalf kda dcf
$ ----- 5
 2 8. 8. 237 1. 0. 1.E+6 0. (card14a) nprog kds kdu zmw qi rmi sl other
| Np-237' | 2.14E+06 | 0.32 | 3.00E+02 | (card14b) | cname thalf kda dcf | U-233' | 1.59E+05 | 0.24 | 4.48E+01 | (card14b) | cname thalf kda dcf | Th-229' | 7.34E+03 | 4. 3.56E+02 | (card14b) | cname thalf kda dcf | Card14b | ca
3 140. 140. 239 1. 0. 1.E+6 0. (card14a) nprog kds kdu zmw qi rmi sl other
```

# GWSCREEN Output – Radionuclides – Baseline, Assuming Soil Source

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT OF GOVERNMENT SPONSORSHIP AND

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```
OUTPUT FILE NAME: u-soil-rad.out
INPUT FILE NAME: u-soil-rad.par
Title: CPP-603 - radionuclides - soil source - Jan. 9, 2004
```

Model Run Options

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```
IMODE Contaminant Type and Impacts:
ITYPE (1) Vert Avg (2) 3D Point (3) 3d Avg:
INFE (1) Vert AVG (2) 3D POINT (3) 3d AVG:

IDISP (0) Fixed Dispersivity (1-3) Spatially Varying:

KFLAG (1) Max Conc (2) Conc vs Time (3) Grid Output:

IDIL (1) No dilution factor (2) Include Dilution Factor:

IMOIST Source Moisture Content Option:
IMOIST Source Moisture Content Option:

IMOISTU Unsaturated Moisture Content Option:

IMODEL (1) Surface/Burried Src (2) Pond (3) Usr Def:

ISOLVE (1) Gaussian Quarature (2) Simpsons Rule: (Aquifer)

ISOLVEU (1) Gaussian Quarature (2) Simpsons Rule: (Unsat Zone)

2
JSTART: 6
JMAX : 15
EPS : 1.000E-02
Health Effects: Carcinogenic incidence risk for radionuclides
Output mass/activity units: Ci
Output concentration units: Ci/m**3
Dose/Risk Conversion Units: 1/Ci
Output health effects units: carcinogenic risk
Exposure Parameters
                        Body Mass (kg): 70. Averaging Time (days): 25550. Water Ingestion (L/d): 2.000E+00 Exposure Freq (day/year): 3.500E+02 Exposure Duration (y): 3.000E+01 Limiting Dose: 1.000E-06
Site Parameters
X Coordinate: 0.000E+00 Y Coordinate: 0.000E+00 Source Length (m): 4.290E+01 Source Width (m): 2.140E+01 Percolation Rate (m/y): 1.000E-02 Source Thickness (m): 6.000E-01 Src Bulk Density (g/cc): 1.500E+00 Source Moisture Content: 3.000E-01
Unsaturated Zone Parameters

      Unsat Zone Thickness (m):
      2.270E+01
      Unsat Bulk Density:
      1.359E+00

      Unsat Alpha (1/m):
      1.066E+00
      Unsat n:
      1.523E+00

      Saturated K in Unsat (m/y):
      2.113E+01
      Porosity of Unsat Zone:
      4.870E-01

      Unsat Residual Moisture:
      1.420E-01
      Unsat Dispersivity (m):
      2.920E+00

Aguifer Zone Parameters
 ____________
Transverse/Longitud Ratio: 2.000E-01 Vertical/Longitud Ratio: 1.163E-03
Aquifer Thickness (m): 7.600E+01 Well Screen Thickness (m): 1.500E+01
Darcy Velocity (m/y): 2.190E+01 Aquifer Porosity: 6.000E-02
Bulk Density (g/cc): 2.491E+00
Calculated Flow Parameters
Percolation Water Flux (m3/y): 9.1806E+00
Unsaturated Moisture Content: 2.8499E-01
Unsat Pore Velocity (m/y): 3.5089E-02
Aquifer Pore Velocity (m/y): 3.6500E+02
Root not bracketed in subroutine UTT
 Contaminant Data
  Contaminant Name: Am-241
Number of Progeny: 3
Progeny Names: Np-237
Half Life (y): 4.320E+0
  Other Source Loss Rate (1/y): 0.000E+00

Kd Source (ml/g): 3.400E+02

Solubility Limit (mg/L): 1.000E+06

Molecular Weight (mg/L): 2.370E+02

Initial mass/activity: 1.000E+00

Kd Unsat (ml/g): 3.400E+02

Kd Aquifer (ml/g): 1.360E+01 3.200E-01 2.400E-01 4.000E+00

Risk/Dose Conversion Factor: 3.280E+02 3.000E+02 4.480E+01 3.560E+02
Calculated Contaminant Values
                                                             1.6045E-03 3.2390E-07 4.3539E-06 9.4434E-05 3.2661E-05
 Decay Constants (1/y):
Leach Rate Constant (1/y):
Initial Pore Water Conc (Ci or mg/m**3): 3.5576E-06
Solubility Limited Mass (mg): 2.8109E+14
Solubility Limited Act (Ci): 9.8230E+11
```

```
Unsaturated Retardation Factor: 1.6223E+03
Mean Unsaturated Transit Time (y): 3.5479E+04
Leading Edge Arrival Time (y): 3.5479E+04
Aquifer Retardation Factor: 5.656E+02 1.429E+01 1.096E+01 1.671E+02
Minimum Peak Window Time (y): 3.5530E+04
Maximum Peak Window Time (y): 2.4793E+05
Results for Receptor X = 1.21450E+02 Y = 0.00000E+00
     -----
X Dispersion Coeff (m2/y): 3.8461E+03 Y Dispersion Coeff (m2/y): 7.6922E+02
  NOTE: Concentrations and Doses Reported in Order of the Decay Chain
NOTE: Progeny Concentrations are Reported at the Time of the Maximum Parent Concentration
                                                                              0.000E+00 0.000E+00 0.000E+00 0.000E+00
2.4793E+05
 Peak Concentration (Ci/m**3):
Time of Peak (y):

Concentrations Averaged Between:

Average Concentration (Ci/m**3):

Maximum Dose:

Total Dose (all members):

2.4793E+05
2.4795E+05 years
0.000E+00 0.000E+00 0.000E+00 0.000E+00
0.000E+00 0.000E+00 0.000E+00
0.000E+00
Time of Peak (y):
Maximum allowable inventory is infinite
Contaminant Data
  Contaminant Name: C-14

Number of Progeny: 0

Half Life (y): 5.730E+03

Other Source Loss Rate (1/y): 0.000E+00

Kd Source (ml/g): 1.000E-01

Solubility Limit (mg/L): 1.000E+01

Molecular Weight (mg/L): 1.400E+01

Initial mass/activity: 1.000E+00

Kd Unsat (ml/g): 1.000E-01

Kd Aquifer (ml/g): 4.000E-03

Risk/Dose Conversion Factor: 1.030E+00
 Calculated Contaminant Values
                                                            1.2097E-04
 Decay Constants (1/y):
Decay Constants (1/y): 1.203/12 0.2
Leach Rate Constant (1/y): 3.7037E-02
Initial Pore Water Conc (Ci or mg/m**3): 4.0343E-03
Solubility Limited Mass (mg): 2.4788E+11
Solubility Limited Act (Ci): 1.1056E+09
Unsaturated Retardation Factor: 1.4769E+00
Mean Unsaturated Transit Time (y): 8.1943E+02
Leading Edge Arrival Time (y): 6.5721E+01
Aquifer Retardation Factor: 1.166E+00
Minimum Peak Window Time (y): 6.5831E+01
Maximum Peak Window Time (y): 1.0071E+03
Results for Receptor X = 1.21450E+02 Y = 0.00000E+00
X Dispersion Coeff (m2/y): 3.8461E+03 Y Dispersion Coeff (m2/y): 7.6922E+02
Peak Concentration (Ci/m**3): 4.360E-08
Time of Peak (y): 7.4117E+02
Contentiations Averaged Between: 7.4117E+02

Concentrations Averaged Between: 7.2617E+02 and 7.5617E+02 years

Average Concentration (Ci/m**3): 4.359E-08

Maximum Dose: 9.428E-07

Maximum Allowable Inventory (Ci): 1.061E+00
 Contaminant Data
  Contaminant Name: I-129 Number of Progeny: 0 Half Life (y): 1.570E+07
   Other Source Loss Rate (1/y): 0.000E+00

      Other Source Loss Rate (1/y):
      0.000E+00

      Kd Source (ml/g):
      1.000E+00

      Solubility Limit (mg/L):
      1.000E+06

      Molecular Weight (mg/L):
      1.290E+02

      Initial mass/activity:
      1.000E+00

      Kd Unsat (ml/g):
      1.000E-01

      Kd Aquifer (ml/g):
      4.000E-03

      Risk/Dose Conversion Factor:
      1.840E+02

 Calculated Contaminant Values
                                                            4.4150E-08
3.7037E-02
 Decay Constants (1/y):
 Leach Rate Constant (1/y):
Initial Pore Water Conc (Ci or mg/m**3): 4.0343E-03
Solubility Limited Mass (mg): 2.4788E+11
Solubility Limited Act (Ci): 4.3790E+04
```

```
Unsaturated Retardation Factor: 1.4769E+00
Mean Unsaturated Transit Time (y): 8.4038E+02
Leading Edge Arrival Time (y): 6.5721E+01
Aquifer Retardation Factor: 1.166E+00
Minimum Peak Window Time (y): 6.5831E+01
Maximum Peak Window Time (y): 1.0280E+03
 Results for Receptor X = 1.21450E+02 Y = 0.00000E+00
   ·
·----
 X Dispersion Coeff (m2/y): 3.8461E+03 Y Dispersion Coeff (m2/y): 7.6922E+02
 Peak Concentration (Ci/m**3): 4.774E-08
Time of Peak (v): 7.5758E+02
 Time of Peak (y):
 Concentrations Averaged Between: 7.4258E+02 and 7.7258E+02 years
Average Concentration (Ci/m**3): 4.772E-08
Maximum Dose: 1.844E-04
Maximum Allowable Inventory (Ci): 5.423E-03
  Contaminant Data
                    ______
   Contaminant Name: Np-237
Number of Progeny: 2
Progeny Names: U-233
Half Life (y): 2.140E+
                                                                                                     Th-229
   Progeny Names: U-233 Th-229
Half Life (y): 2.140E+06 1.590E+05 7.340E+03
Other Source Loss Rate (1/y): 8.000E+00
Kd Source (ml/g): 8.000E+00
Solubility Limit (mg/L): 1.000E+06
Molecular Weight (mg/L): 2.370E+02
Initial mass/activity: 1.000E+00
Kd Unsat (ml/g): 8.000E+00
Kd Aquifer (ml/g): 3.200E-01 2.400E-01 4.000E+00
Risk/Dose Conversion Factor: 3.000E+02 4.480E+01 3.560E+02
  Calculated Contaminant Values
                                                             3.2390E-07 4.3594E-06 9.4434E-05
  Decay Constants (1/y):
Leach Rate Constant (1/y):

Initial Pore Water Conc (Ci or mg/m**3):

Solubility Limited Mass (mg):

Solubility Limited Act (Ci):

Unsaturated Retardation Factor:

Mean Unsaturated Transit Time (y):

Leading Edge Arrival Time (y):

Aquifer Retardation Factor:

Minimum Peak Window Time (y):

1.3550E-03

1.4760E-04

4.7796E+06

3.9149E+01

2.2236E+04

1.7422E+03

1.429E+01 1.096E+01 1.671E+02

Minimum Peak Window Time (y):

1.7435E+03

Maximum Peak Window Time (y):

2.7358E+04
  Leach Rate Constant (1/y):
                                                                                               1.3550E-03
 Results for Receptor X = 1.21450E+02 Y = 0.00000E+00
 NOTE: Progeny Concentrations are Reported at the Time of the Maximum Parent Concentration
 Peak Concentration (Ci/m**3): 1.789E-09 1.959E-10 7.172E-12 Time of Peak (y): 2.0069E+04
 Concentrations Averaged Between:
Average Concentration (Ci/m**3):
Maximum Dose:
Total Dose (all members):
Maximum Allowable Inventory (Ci):
Root not bracketed in subroutine UTT

2.0069E+04
2.0054E+04 and 2.0084E+04 years
1.789E-09 1.959E-10 7.172E-12
1.127E-05 1.843E-07 5.362E-08
1.151E-05
8.690E-02
  Contaminant Data
   Contaminant Name: Pu-238

Number of Progeny: 4

Progeny Names: U-234 Th-230 Ra-226 Pb-210

Half Life (y): 8.780E+01 2.450E+05 7.540E+04 1.600E+03 2.230E+01

Other Source Loss Rate (1/y): 0.000E+00

Kd Source (ml/g): 1.400E+02

Solubility Limit (mg/L): 1.000E+06

Molecular Weight (mg/L): 2.380E+02

Initial mass/activity: 1.000E+00

Kd Unsat (ml/g): 1.400E+02

Kd Aquifer (ml/g): 5.600E+00 2.400E-01 4.000E+00 4.000E+00 4.000E+00

Risk/Dose Conversion Factor: 2.950E+02 4.440E+01 3.750E+01 2.960E+02 1.010E+03
 Calculated Contaminant Values
 Decay Constants (1/y):
                                                                                         7.8946E-03 2.8292E-06 9.1929E-06 4.3322E-04
3.1083E-02
```

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```
Leach Rate Constant (1/y):
 Initial Pore Water Conc (Ci or mg/m**3): 8.6325E-06
Solubility Limited Mass (mg): 1.1584E+14
Solubility Limited Act (Ci): 1.9834E+12
 Unsaturated Retardation Factor:

Mean Unsaturated Transit Time (y):

Leading Edge Arrival Time (y):

Aquifer Retardation Factor:

Minimum Peak Window Time (y):

Maximum Peak Window Time (y):

1.9834E+12

6.6861E+02

1.0284E+04

1.0284E+04

2.335E+02 1.096E+01 1.671E+02 1.671E+02 1.671E+02

1.0305E+04

9.7836E+04
 Results for Receptor X = 1.21450E+02 Y = 0.00000E+00
      _____
 X Dispersion Coeff (m2/y): 3.8461E+03 Y Dispersion Coeff (m2/y): 7.6922E+02
  NOTE: Concentrations and Doses Reported in Order of the Decay Chain
NOTE: Progeny Concentrations are Reported at the Time of the Maximum Parent Concentration
                                                                          5.439E-80 3.722E-46 2.252E-48 1.774E-48
 Peak Concentration (Ci/m**3):
1.767E-48
 Time of Peak (y):
                                                                          1.0490E+04
 Inde Of Peak (y): 1.0490E+04

Concentrations Averaged Between: 1.0475E+04 and 1.0505E+04 years

Average Concentration (Ci/m**3): 5.438E-80 3.730E-46 2.257E-48 1.778E-48
1.771E-48
 Maximum Dose:
                                                                         3.369E-76 3.478E-43 1.777E-45 1.105E-44
3.757E-44
 Total Dose (all members):
                                                                           3.982E-43
 Total Dose (all members): 3.982E-43
Maximum Allowable Inventory (Ci): 2.511E+36
 WARNING: PORE WATER CONCENTRATION OF THE MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE INVENTORY
               EXCEEDS THE SOLUBILITY LIMIT OF THE CONTAMINANT
 Contaminant Data

      Contaminant Name:
      Pu-239

      Number of Progeny:
      3

      Progeny Names:
      U-235
      Pa-231
      Ac-227

      Half Life (y):
      2.410E+04
      7.037E+08
      3.276E+04
      2.177E+01

  Half Life (y): 2.410E+04 7.037E+08 3.276E+04 2.177E+01 Other Source Loss Rate (1/y): 0.000E+00 Kd Source (ml/g): 1.400E+02 Solubility Limit (mg/L): 1.000E+06 Molecular Weight (mg/L): 2.390E+02 Initial mass/activity: 1.000E+00 Kd Unsat (ml/g): 1.400E+02 Kd Aquifer (ml/g): 5.600E+00 2.400E-01 2.200E+01 1.800E+01 Risk/Dose Conversion Factor: 3.160E+02 4.700E+01 1.490E+02 6.260E+02
 Calculated Contaminant Values
      Decay Constants (1/y):
Leach Rate Constant (1/y):
Initial Pore Water Conc (Ci or mg/m**3):
Solubility Limited Mass (mg):
Solubility Limited Act (Ci):
Unsaturated Retardation Factor:
Mean Unsaturated Transit Time (y):
Leading Edge Arrival Time (y):
Leading Edge Arrival Time (y):
Aquifer Retardation Factor:
Minimum Peak Window Time (y):
Maximum Peak Window Time (y):

1 21450E+02 Y = 0.00000E+00
                                              2.8761E-05 9.8500E-10 2.1158E-05 3.1840E-02
 X Dispersion Coeff (m2/y): 3.8461E+03 Y Dispersion Coeff (m2/y): 7.6922E+02
  NOTE: Concentrations and Doses Reported in Order of the Decay Chain
   NOTE: Progeny Concentrations are Reported at the Time of the Maximum Parent Concentration
 Peak Concentration (Ci/m**3): 2.713E-13 1.507E-14 1.614E-16 1.972E-16 Time of Peak (y): 1.5111E+05
 Concentrations Averaged Between: 1.5111E+U5

Concentrations Averaged Between: 1.5109E+05 and 1.5112E+05 years

Average Concentration (Ci/m**3): 2.713E-13 1.507E-14 1.614E-16 1.972E-16

Maximum Dose: 1.800E-09 1.488E-11 5.050E-13 2.592E-12

Total Dose (all members): 1.818E-09
 Maximum Allowable Inventory (Ci): 5.499E+02
 Contaminant Data
   Contaminant Name: Pu-240
Number of Progeny: 4
Progeny Names: U-236 Th-232 Ra-228 Th-228
Half Life (y): 6.560E+03 2.342E+07 1.410E+10 5.750E+00 1.910E+00
Other Source Loss Rate (1/y): 0.000E+00
Kd Source (ml/g): 1.400E+02
```

```
Solubility Limit (mg/L): 1.000E+06
Molecular Weight (mg/L): 2.400E+02
Initial mass/activity: 1.000E+00
Kd Unsat (ml/g): 1.400E+02
Kd Aquifer (ml/g): 5.600E+00 2.400E-01 4.000E+00 4.000E+00 4.000E+00
Risk/Dose Conversion Factor: 3.150E+02 4.210E+01 3.280E+01 2.480E+02 2.310E+02
 Calculated Contaminant Values
 Decay Constants (1/y):
                                                                     1.0566E-04 2.9596E-08 4.9159E-11 1.2055E-01
3.6290E-01
Leach Rate Constant (1/y):

Initial Pore Water Conc (Ci or mg/m**3):

Solubility Limited Mass (mg):

Solubility Limited Act (Ci):

Unsaturated Retardation Factor:

Mean Unsaturated Transit Time (y):

Leading Edge Arrival Time (y):

Aquifer Retardation Factor:

Minimum Peak Window Time (y):

Maximum Peak Window Time (y):

Model Type 1.671E+02

1.671E+02

1.671E+02

1.7268E+05
 Results for Receptor X = 1.21450E+02 Y = 0.00000E+00
 X Dispersion Coeff (m2/y): 3.8461E+03 Y Dispersion Coeff (m2/y): 7.6922E+02
   NOTE: Concentrations and Doses Reported in Order of the Decay Chain
   NOTE: Progeny Concentrations are Reported at the Time of the Maximum Parent Concentration
 Peak Concentration (Ci/m**3):
                                                                    5.576E-17 3.275E-15 8.208E-22 8.207E-22
8.207E-22
 Time of Peak (y): 8.7045E+04
Concentrations Averaged Between: 8.7030E+04 and 8.7060E+04 years
Average Concentration (Ci/m**3): 5.576E-17 3.275E-15 8.208E-22 8.207E-22 8.207E-
22
                                                                    3.688E-13 2.896E-12 5.654E-19 4.274E-18 3.981E-
 Maximum Dose:
18
 Total Dose (all members):
                                                                      3.265E-12
 Maximum Allowable Inventory (Ci): 3.265E-12
 Contaminant Data
   Contaminant Name: Tc-99
Number of Progeny: 0
Half Life (y): 2.111E+05
   Half Life (y):
  Half Life (y): 2.111E+05
Other Source Loss Rate (1/y): 0.000E+00
Kd Source (ml/g): 2.000E-01
Solubility Limit (mg/L): 1.000E+06
Molecular Weight (mg/L): 9.900E+01
Initial mass/activity: 1.000E+00
Kd Unsat (ml/g): 2.000E-01
Kd Aquifer (ml/g): 8.000E-03
Risk/Dose Conversion Factor: 1.400E+00
   Risk/Dose Conversion Factor:
                                                       1.400E+00
                          ______
 Calculated Contaminant Values
                         _____
 Decay Constants (1/y):

Leach Rate Constant (1/y):

2.7778E-02

Initial Pore Water Conc (Ci or mg/m**3):

Solubility Limited Mass (mg):

Solubility Limited Act (Ci):

Unsaturated Retardation Factor:

Mean Unsaturated Transit Time (**)
 Unsaturated Retardation Factor: 1.9537E+00
Mean Unsaturated Transit Time (y): 1.1107E+03
Leading Edge Arrival Time (y): 8.6942E+01
Aquifer Retardation Factor: 1.332E+00
Minimum Peak Window Time (y): 8.7067E+01
Maximum Peak Window Time (y): 1.3608E+03
 Results for Receptor X = 1.21450E+02 Y = 0.00000E+00
 X Dispersion Coeff (m2/y): 3.8461E+03 Y Dispersion Coeff (m2/y): 7.6922E+02
 Peak Concentration (Ci/m**3): 3.597E-08
Time of Peak (y): 1.0016E+03
 Time of Peak (y):
 Concentrations Averaged Between: 9.8664E+02 and 1.0166E+03 years
Average Concentration (Ci/m**3): 3.596E-08
Maximum Dose: 1.057E-06
 Maximum Allowable Inventory (Ci): 9.458E-01
 Contaminant Data
                                                      II-234
  Contaminant Name:
```

```
Number of Progeny: 3
Progeny Names: Th-230
2.450E+05
                                                                                                                                     Ra-226 Pb-210
    Half Life (y): 2.450E+05 7.540E+04 1.600E+03 2.230E+01 Other Source Loss Rate (1/y): 0.000E+00

      Other Source Loss Rate (1/y):
      0.000E+00

      Kd Source (ml/g):
      6.000E+00

      Solubility Limit (mg/L):
      1.000E+06

      Molecular Weight (mg/L):
      2.340E+02

      Initial mass/activity:
      1.000E+00

      Kd Unsat (ml/g):
      6.000E+00

      Kd Aquifer (ml/g):
      2.400E+01 4.000E+00 4.000E+00 4.000E+00

      Risk/Dose Conversion Factor:
      4.440E+01 3.750E+01 2.960E+02 1.010E+03

 Calculated Contaminant Values
                                      ··
                                                                                    2.8292E-06 9.1929E-06 4.3322E-04 3.1083E-02
 Decay Constants (1/y):
                                                                                                                                  1.7921E-03
Leach Rate Constant (1/y):

Initial Pore Water Conc (Ci or mg/m**3):

Solubility Limited Mass (mg):

Solubility Limited Act (Ci):

Unsaturated Retardation Factor:

Mean Unsaturated Transit Time (y):

Leading Edge Arrival Time (y):

Aquifer Retardation Factor:

Minimum Peak Window Time (y):

Maximum Peak Window Time (y):

Description of the Control o
 Leach Rate Constant (1/y):
 Results for Receptor X = 1.21450E+02 Y = 0.00000E+00
 X Dispersion Coeff (m2/y): 3.8461E+03 Y Dispersion Coeff (m2/y): 7.6922E+02
   NOTE: Concentrations and Doses Reported in Order of the Decay Chain
    NOTE: Progeny Concentrations are Reported at the Time of the Maximum Parent Concentration
                                                                                                     2.281E-09 1.974E-11 1.691E-11 1.687E-11 1.5047E+04
 Peak Concentration (Ci/m**3):
 Time of Peak (y):
Time of Peak (y): 1.5047E+04
Concentrations Averaged Between: 1.5032E+04 and 1.5062E+04 years
Average Concentration (Ci/m**3): 2.281E-09 1.974E-11 1.691E-11 1.687E-11
Maximum Dose: 2.127E-06 1.555E-08 1.051E-07 3.578E-07
Total Dose (all members): 2.605E-06
Maximum Allowable Inventory (Ci): 3.839E-01
    _____
 Contaminant Data
   Contaminant Name: U-235
Number of Progeny: 2
Progeny Names: Pa-231 Ac-227
Half Life (y): 7.040E+08 3.280E+04
 Half Life (y): 7.040E+08 3.280E+04 2.180E+01
Other Source Loss Rate (1/y): 0.000E+00
Kd Source (ml/g): 6.000E+00
Solubility Limit (mg/L): 1.000E+06
Molecular Weight (mg/L): 2.350E+02
Initial mass/activity: 1.000E+00
Kd Unsat (ml/g): 6.000E+00
Kd Aquifer (ml/g): 2.400E-01 2.200E+01 1.800E+01
Risk/Dose Conversion Factor: 4.700E+01 1.490E+02 6.260E+02
Calculated Contaminant Values
 Calculated Contaminant Values
Decay Constants (1/y):

Leach Rate Constant (1/y):

Initial Pore Water Conc (Ci or mg/m**3):

Solubility Limited Mass (mg):

Solubility Limited Act (Ci):

Unsaturated Retardation Factor:

Mean Unsaturated Transit Time (y):

Leading Edge Arrival Time (y):

Aquifer Retardation Factor:

Minimum Peak Window Time (y):

Maximum Peak Window Time (y):

19.8458E-10 2.1133E-05 3.1796E-02

1.7921E-03

1.9921E-04

1.1079E+04

1.6850E+04

1.3177E+03

1.996E+01 9.144E+02 7.483E+02

1.3188E+03

Maximum Peak Window Time (y):

2.0722E+04
 Results for Receptor X = 1.21450E+02 Y = 0.00000E+00
 X Dispersion Coeff (m2/y): 3.8461E+03 Y Dispersion Coeff (m2/y): 7.6922E+02
  NOTE: Progeny Concentrations are Reported at the Time of the Maximum Parent Concentration
                                                                                                       2.380E-09 7.844E-12 9.567E-12
1.5204E+04
 Peak Concentration (Ci/m**3):
 Time of Peak (y):
Time of Peak (y):

Concentrations Averaged Between:

Average Concentration (Ci/m**3):

Maximum Dose:

1.520*ET**

1.520*ET**

1.5189E+04 and 1.5219E+04 years

2.380E-09 7.844E-12 9.567E-12

2.349E-06 2.454E-08 1.258E-07
 Total Dose (all members):
                                                                                                                                   2.500E-06
```

```
Maximum Allowable Inventory (Ci): 4.000E-01
 Contaminant Data
  Contaminant Name: U-238
Number of Progeny: 4
Progeny Names: U-234 Th-230 Ra-226 Pb-210
Half Life (y): 4.470E+09 2.450E+05 7.540E+04 1.600E+03 2.230
 Half Life (y):
Other Source Loss Rate (1/y):
Solubility Limit (mg/L):
Nouceular Weight (mg/L):
Solubility Limit (mg/L):
1.000E+00
Molecular Weight (mg/L):
2.380E+02
Initial mass/activity:
1.000E+00
Kd Aquifer (ml/g):
2.400E-01
Calculated Contaminant Values

U-234
Th-230
Ra-226
Pb-210
A.470E+09
2.450E+05
7.540E+04
1.600E+03
2.230E+01
1.000E+06
4.000E+00
4.440E+01
3.750E+01
2.960E+02
1.010E+03
 Calculated Contaminant Values
                         ______
                                                             1.5507E-10 2.8292E-06 9.1929E-06 4.3322E-04
 Decay Constants (1/y):
3.1083E-02
 Leach Rate Constant (1/y):
                                                              1.7921E-03
 Initial Pore Water Conc (Ci or mg/m**3): 1.9521E-04
 Solubility Limited Mass (mg): 5.1228E+12
Solubility Limited Act (Ci): 1.7229E+03
Unsaturated Retardation Factor: 2.9612E+01

Mean Unsaturated Transit Time (y): 1.6850E+04

Leading Edge Arrival Time (y): 1.3177E+03

Aquifer Retardation Factor: 1.096E+01 1.671E+02 1.671E+02 1.671E+02

Minimum Peak Window Time (y): 1.3188E+03

Maximum Peak Window Time (y): 2.0723E+04
 Results for Receptor X = 1.21450E+02 Y = 0.00000E+00
 X Dispersion Coeff (m2/y): 3.8461E+03 Y Dispersion Coeff (m2/y): 7.6922E+02
  NOTE: Concentrations and Doses Reported in Order of the Decay Chain
NOTE: Progeny Concentrations are Reported at the Time of the Maximum Parent Concentration
 Peak Concentration (Ci/m**3):
                                                             2.380E-09 1.002E-10 4.420E-13 3.303E-13 3.288E-
13
 Time of Peak (y):
                                                            2.380E-09 1.002E-10 4.420E-13 3.303E-13 3.288E-
13
                                                            3.099E-06 9.345E-08 3.481E-10 2.053E-09 6.973E-
 Maximum Dose:
                                                              3.202E-06
 Total Dose (all members):
 Maximum Allowable Inventory (Ci): 3.123E-01
 Execution Time (Seconds):
```

## **GWSCREEN Input Deck – Radionuclides – Grouted Source**

```
CPP-603 - radionuclides - grouted source - Jan. 9, 2004
2 3 1 1 1
                                                         (Card 2) imode, itype, idisp, kflag, idil
1 1 2 1 2
                                                      (Card 3) imodel, isolve, isolveu, imoist, imoistu
                                                                   (Card 4) jstart jmax eps
(Card 5) bw,at,wi,ef,ed,dlim
6 15 0.01
70. 2.555E+04 2.0 350. 30. 1.0E-6
                                                                   (Card 6) x0,y0
(Card 7) 1,w,perc
42.9 21.4 0.010
0.6 1.5
                                                       (Card 8b) thicks, rhos, (source term values)
(Card 8c) thetas (source term mc)
0.30
                                                                      (Card 9) depth, rhou, axu
        1.359 2.92
$ NOTE: The values of depth and axu are the ucode calibrated values
$ van Genuchten parameters from EDF-ER-275 60% Design Component Report Table 2-2 and 2-3
1.066 1.523 21.13 0.487 0.142 (Card 9b) alphau nu ksatu porsu thetaru suse calib values for ax and az ay=0.2ax and az=1.16e-3ax as stated in the MEPAS Manual
$but ax, ay, and az are ignored if idisp > 0.
                                                     (Card 10) ax,ay,az,b,z(well screen thickness)
3.31 0.2 1.163E-3 76. 15. (Card 10) ax,ay,az,b,z(well screen thickness) $ Aqui dens and porosity from EDF-ER-275 60% Design Component Report Table 2-2 and 2-3
$ --- Darcy velocity based on an assumed pore vel of \sim 1 m/d in EDF-ER-275 21.9 0.06 2.491 (Card 11) u,phi,rhoa
                                                                        (Card 12a) nrecept
                                                              (Card 12b x y)
  1 (Card 14) ncontam
------ 1 (Np) (Card 14) ncontam
3 5000. 340. 237 1. 0. 1.E+6 0. (card14a) nprog kds kdu zmw qi rmi sl other
'Am-241' 432. 13.6 3.28E+02 (card14b) cname thalf kda dcf
'Np-237' 2.140E+06 0.32 3.00E+02 (card14b) cname thalf l
                                                                     (card14b) cname thalf kda dcf
```

```
(card14b) cname thalf kda dcf
 'C-14' 5.730E+03 0.004 1.03E+00 (card14b) cname thalf kda dcf
$ ----- 3
0 2.0 0.1 129 1. 0. 1.0E+06 0. (card14a) nprog kds kdu zmw qi rmi sl other

'I-129' 1.570E+07 0.004 1.84E+02 (card14b) cname thalf kda dcf
2 5000. 8. 237 1. 0. 1.E+6 0. (card14a) nprog kds kdu zmw qi rmi sl other
2 5000. 6. 25/1. 0. 1.E+6 0. (card14a) nprog kds kdu zmw q1 rm1 s1 other 'Np-237' 2.14E+06 0.32 3.00E+02 (card14b) cname thalf kda dcf 'U-233' 1.59E+05 0.24 4.48E+01 (card14b) cname thalf kda dcf 'Th-229' 7.34E+03 4. 3.56E+02 (card14b) cname thalf kda dcf $ -----not used--- Pu-238 ------6
$ 5000. 140. 239 1. 0. 1.E+6 0. (card14a) nprog kds kdu zmw qi rmi sl other

'Pu-239' 2.410E+04 5.6 3.16E+02 (card14b) cname thalf kda dcf

'U-235' 7.037E+08 0.24 4.70E+01 (card14b) cname thalf kda dcf

'Pa-231' 3.276E+04 22 1.49E+02 (card14b) cname thalf kda dcf

'Ac-227' 2.177E+01 18 6.26E+02 (card14b) cname thalf kda dcf
                    ----- Pu-240 ----- 6
4 5000. 140. 240 1. 0. 1.E+6 0. (card14a) nprog kds kdu zmw qi rmi sl other
'Pu-240' 6.560E+03 5.6 3.15E+02 (card14b) cname thalf kda dcf
'U-236' 2.342E+07 0.24 4.21E+01 (card14b) cname thalf kda dcf
'Th-232' 1.410E+10 4 3.28E+01 (card14b) cname thalf kda dcf
'Ra-228' 5.750E+00 4 2.48E+02 (card14b) cname thalf kda dcf
'Th-228' 1.910E+00 4 2.31E+02 (card14b) cname thalf kda dcf
                  -----7
0 1000. 0.2 99 1. 0. 1.E+6 0. (card14a) nprog kds kdu zmw qi rmi sl other
 'Tc-99' 2.111E+05 0.008 1.40E+00 (card14b) cname thalf kda dcf
3 2000. 6. 234 1. 0. 1.E+6 0. (card14a) nprog kds kdu zmw qi rmi sl other
----- U-238 ----- 9
4 2000. 6. 238 1. 0. 1.E+6 0. (card14a) nprog kds kdu zmw qi rmi sl other

    4 2000. 6. 238 1. 0. 1.8+6 0. (card14a) hprog kds kdt zmw q1 rml si other

    'U-238' 4.47E+09 0.24 6.20E+01 (card14b) cname thalf kda dcf

    'U-234' 2.45E+05 0.24 4.44E+01 (card14b) cname thalf kda dcf

    'Th-230' 7.54E+04 4 3.75E+01 (card14b) cname thalf kda dcf

    'Ra-226' 1.60E+03 4 2.96E+02 (card14b) cname thalf kda dcf

'Pb-210' 2.23E+01 4 1.01E+03
                                                                                                (card14b) cname
thalf kda dcf
```

## **GWSCREEN Output – Radionuclides – Grouted Source**

Contaminant Name:

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\_\_\_\_\_\_ OUTPUT FILE NAME: u-grt-rad.out INPUT FILE NAME: u-grt-rad.par Title: CPP-603 - radionuclides - grouted source - Jan. 9, 2004 Model Run Options IMODE Contaminant Type and Impacts: ITYPE (1) Vert Avg (2) 3D Point (3) 3d Avg:
IDISP (0) Fixed Dispersivity (1-3) Spatially Varying: KFLAG (1) Max Conc (2) Conc vs Time (3) Grid Output: IDIL (1) No dilution factor (2) Include Dilution Factor: IMOIST Source Moisture Content Option: IMOISTU Unsaturated Moisture Content Option: IMODEL (1) Surface/Burried Src (2) Pond (3) Usr Def: ISOLVE (1) Gaussian Quarature (2) Simpsons Rule: (Aquifer) 1
ISOLVEU (1) Gaussian Quarature (2) Simpsons Rule: (Unsat Zone) 2 JSTART: 6 JMAX : 15 EPS : 1.0 1.000E-02 Health Effects: Carcinogenic incidence risk for radionuclides Output mass/activity units: Ci
Output concentration units: Ci/m\*\*3 Output health effects units: 1/Ci
Output health effects units: carcinogenic risk .\_\_\_\_\_ Exposure Parameters \_\_\_\_\_\_ Body Mass (kg): 70. Averaging Time (days): 25550. Water Ingestion (L/d): 2.000E+00 Exposure Freq (day/year): 3.500E+02 Exposure Duration (y): 3.000E+01 Limiting Dose: 1.000E-06 Site Parameters X Coordinate: 0.000E+00 Y Coordinate: 0.000E+00 Source Length (m): 4.290E+01 Source Width (m): 2.140E+01 Percolation Rate (m/y): 1.000E-02 Source Thickness (m): 6.000E-01 Src Bulk Density (g/cc): 1.500E+00 Source Moisture Content: 3.000E-01 \_\_\_\_\_\_ Unsaturated Zone Parameters \_\_\_\_\_\_ Unsat Zone Thickness (m): 2.270E+01 Unsat Bulk Density: 1.359E+00 Unsat Alpha (1/m): 1.066E+00 Unsat n: 1.523E+00 Saturated K in Unsat (m/y): 2.113E+01 Porosity of Unsat Zone: 4.870E-01 Unsat Residual Moisture: 1.420E-01 Unsat Dispersivity (m): 2.920E+00 Aquifer Zone Parameters Transverse/Longitud Ratio: 2.000E-01 Vertical/Longitud Ratio: 1.163E-03
Aquifer Thickness (m): 7.600E+01 Well Screen Thickness (m): 1.500E+01
Darcy Velocity (m/y): 2.190E+01 Aquifer Porosity: 6.000E-02
Bulk Density (g/cc): 2.491E+00 Calculated Flow Parameters Percolation Water Flux (m3/y): 9.1806E+00
Unsaturated Moisture Content: 2.8499E-01
Unsat Pore Velocity (m/y): 3.5089E-02
Aquifer Pore Velocity (m/y): 3.6500E+02
Poot not bracketed in subroutine UTT Root not bracketed in subroutine UTT Contaminant Data

Am-241

```
Number of Progeny: 3
Progeny Names: Np-237
4.320E+0
                                                                    U-233 Th-229
  Half Life (y): 4.320E+02 2.140E+06 1.592E+05 7.340E+03 Other Source Loss Rate (1/y): 0.000E+00
 Other Source Loss Rate (1/y): 0.000E+00

Kd Source (ml/g): 5.000E+03

Solubility Limit (mg/L): 1.000E+06

Molecular Weight (mg/L): 2.370E+02

Initial mass/activity: 1.000E+00

Kd Unsat (ml/g): 3.400E+02

Kd Aquifer (ml/g): 1.360E+01 3.200E-01 2.400E-01 4.000E+00

Risk/Dose Conversion Factor: 3.280E+02 3.000E+02 4.480E+01 3.560E+02
Calculated Contaminant Values
             1.6045E-03 3.2390E-07 4.3539E-06 9.4434E-05
2.2221E-06
Decay Constants (1/y):
Solubility Limited Mats (Mg):

Solubility Limited Act (Ci):

Unsaturated Retardation Factor:

Mean Unsaturated Transit Time (y):

Leading Edge Arrival Time (y):

Aquifer Retardation Factor:

Minimum Peak Window Time (y):

Maximum Peak Window Time (y):

3.5530E+04

Maximum Peak Window Time (y):

3.1550E+06
                    -----
Results for Receptor X = 1.21450E+02 Y = 0.00000E+00
X Dispersion Coeff (m2/y): 3.8461E+03 Y Dispersion Coeff (m2/y): 7.6922E+02
  NOTE: Concentrations and Doses Reported in Order of the Decay Chain
  NOTE: Progeny Concentrations are Reported at the Time of the Maximum Parent Concentration
                                                     0.000E+00 0.000E+00 0.000E+00 0.000E+00
3.1550E+06
Peak Concentration (Ci/m**3):
Time of Peak (y):
Concentrations Averaged Between: 3.1550E+06 and 3.1550E+06 years
Average Concentration (Ci/m**3): 0.000E+00 0.000E+00 0.000E+00 0.000E+00

Maximum Dose: 0.000E+00 0.000E+00 0.000E+00 0.000E+00

Total Dose (all members): 0.000E+00
Maximum allowable inventory is infinite
  ·-----
Contaminant Data
 Contaminant Name:

Number of Progeny:

Half Life (y):

Other Source Loss Rate (1/y):

Solubility Limit (mg/L):

Molecular Weight (mg/L):

Initial mass/activity:

Kd Aquifer (ml/g):

Risk/Dose Conversion Factor:

Calculated Contaminant Values
Calculated Contaminant Values
Decay Constants (1/y): 1.2097E-04 Leach Rate Constant (1/y): 1.0893E-03 Initial Pore Water Conc (Ci or mg/m**3): 1.1866E-04
Solubility Limited Mass (mg): 8.4278E+12
Solubility Limited Act (Ci): 3.7589E+10
Unsaturated Retardation Factor: 1.4769E+00
Mean Unsaturated Transit Time (y): 8.1943E+02
Leading Edge Arrival Time (y): 6.5721E+01
Aquifer Retardation Factor: 1.166E+00
Minimum Peak Window Time (y): 6.5831E+01
Maximum Peak Window Time (y): 7.1830E+03
Results for Receptor X = 1.21450E+02 Y = 0.00000E+00
X Dispersion Coeff (m2/y): 3.8461E+03 Y Dispersion Coeff (m2/y): 7.6922E+02
Peak Concentration (Ci/m**3): 2.097E-08
Time of Peak (y): 1.2686E+03
Time of Peak (y):
Time of Peak (y):

Concentrations Averaged Between:

Average Concentration (Ci/m**3):

Maximum Dose:

Maximum Allowable Inventory (Ci):

1.2686E+03

1.2536E+03 and 1.2836E+03 years

2.097E-08

4.535E-07

2.205E+00
Contaminant Data
```

```
Contaminant Name: I-129
Number of Progeny: 0
Half Life (y): 1.570E+07
Other Source Loss Rate (1/y): 0.000E+00
     Calculated Contaminant Values
                                                                                                                            4.4150E-08
Decay Constants (1/y):
Leach Rate Constant (1/y):
Solubility Limited Mass (mg):
Solubility Limit
  Decay Constants (1/y):
Solubility Limited Mass (Mg):

Solubility Limited Act (Ci):

Unsaturated Retardation Factor:

Mean Unsaturated Transit Time (y):

Leading Edge Arrival Time (y):

Aquifer Retardation Factor:

Minimum Peak Window Time (y):

Maximum Peak Window Time (y):

2.2133E+03
  Results for Receptor X = 1.21450E+02 Y = 0.00000E+00
  X Dispersion Coeff (m2/y): 3.8461E+03 Y Dispersion Coeff (m2/y): 7.6922E+02
  Peak Concentration (Ci/m**3): 4.220E-08
Time of Peak (y): 9.4548E+02
  Time of Peak (y):
 Time of Peak (y): 9.4548E+02
Concentrations Averaged Between: 9.3048E+02 years
Average Concentration (Ci/m**3): 4.219E-08
Maximum Dose: 1.630E-04
Maximum Allowable Inventory (Ci): 6.133E-03
  Contaminant Data
     Contaminant Name: Np-237
Number of Progeny: 2
Progeny Names: U-233 Th-229
Half Life (y): 2.140E+06 1.590E+05 7.340E+03
Other Source Loss Rate (1/y): 0.000E+00
Kd Source (ml/g): 5.000E+03
    Other Source Loss Rate (1/y): 0.000E+00

Kd Source (ml/g): 5.000E+03

Solubility Limit (mg/L): 1.000E+06

Molecular Weight (mg/L): 2.370E+02

Initial mass/activity: 1.000E+00

Kd Unsat (ml/g): 8.000E+00

Kd Aquifer (ml/g): 3.200E-01 2.400E-01 4.000E+00

Risk/Dose Conversion Factor: 3.000E+02 4.480E+01 3.560E+02
  Calculated Contaminant Values
                                                                                                                                  3.2390E-07 4.3594E-06 9.4434E-05
2.2221E-06
  Decay Constants (1/y):
Decay Constants (1/y):
Leach Rate Constant (1/y):
Linitial Pore Water Conc (Ci or mg/m**3):
Solubility Limited Mass (mg):
Solubility Limited Act (Ci):
Unsaturated Retardation Factor:
Mean Unsaturated Transit Time (y):
Leading Edge Arrival Time (y):
Aquifer Retardation Factor:
Minimum Peak Window Time (y):
Maximum Peak Window Time (y):

1.7435E+03
Maximum Peak Window Time (y):
3.2390E-07 4.3594E-06 9.4434E-
2.2221E-06
2.4205E-07
3.9145E+09
3.9145E+09
3.9149E+01
3.2390E-07 4.3594E-06 9.4434E-
2.2226E-07
3.9145E+09
3.9145E+01
3.2390E-07 4.3594E-06 9.4434E-
3.2390E-07
4.3594E-06 9.4434E-
3.2390E-07
4.3594E-06 9.4434E-
3.2390E-07
4.3594E-06 9.4434E-
3.221E-06
3.9145E+05
3.9145E+09
3.9145E+01
3.2390E-07
4.3594E-01
3.4434E-
3.2390E-07
4.3594E-06
3.9145E+01
3.9149E+01
3.9149E+0
  Results for Receptor X = 1.21450E+02 Y = 0.00000E+00
  X Dispersion Coeff (m2/y): 3.8461E+03 Y Dispersion Coeff (m2/y): 7.6922E+02
      NOTE: Concentrations and Doses Reported in Order of the Decay Chain
      NOTE: Progeny Concentrations are Reported at the Time of the Maximum Parent Concentration
                                                                                                                                                            9.879E-11 3.163E-11 1.767E-12
6.3950E+04
  Peak Concentration (Ci/m**3):
  Time of Peak (y):
Time of Peak (y):

Concentrations Averaged Between:
Average Concentration (Ci/m**3):

Maximum Dose:

Total Dose (all members):
Maximum Allowable Inventory (Ci):
Root not bracketed in subroutine UTT

6.3950E+04
6.3955E+04 and 6.3965E+04 years
9.879E-11 3.163E-11 1.767E-12
6.224E-07 2.976E-08 1.321E-08
1.503E+00
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Contaminant Data
                                                                            Contaminant Name: Pu-238
Number of Progeny: 4
   Progeny Names: U-234 Th-230 Ra-226
Half Life (y): 8 780F+01 2 450F 05 G
                                                                                                                                Pb-210
  Progeny Names: U-234 Th-230 Ra-226 Pb-210
Half Life (y): 8.780E+01 2.450E+05 7.540E+04 1.600E+03 2.230E+01
Other Source Loss Rate (1/y): 5.000E+03
Kd Source (ml/g): 5.000E+03
Solubility Limit (mg/L): 1.000E+06
Molecular Weight (mg/L): 2.380E+02
Initial mass/activity: 1.000E+00
Kd Unsat (ml/g): 1.400E+02
Kd Aquifer (ml/g): 5.600E+00 2.400E-01 4.000E+00 4.000E+00 4.000E+00
Risk/Dose Conversion Factor: 2.950E+02 4.440E+01 3.750E+01 2.960E+02 1.010E+03
 Calculated Contaminant Values
                                      -----
                                                                            7.8946E-03 2.8292E-06 9.1929E-06 4.3322E-04
 Decay Constants (1/y):
3.1083E-02
 Leach Rate Constant (1/y):
                                                                             2.2221E-06
 Initial Pore Water Conc (Ci or mg/m**3): 2.4205E-07
Solubility Limited Mass (mg): 4.1314E+15
Solubility Limited Act (Ci): 7.0739E+13
 Solubility Limited Act (Ci): 7.0739E+13
Unsaturated Retardation Factor: 6.6861E+02
Mean Unsaturated Transit Time (y): 1.0284E+04
Leading Edge Arrival Time (y): 1.0284E+04
Aquifer Retardation Factor: 2.335E+02 1.096E+01 1.671E+02 1.671E+02 1.671E+02
Minimum Peak Window Time (y): 1.0305E+04
Maximum Peak Window Time (y): 3.1297E+06
 Results for Receptor X = 1.21450E+02 Y = 0.00000E+00
 X Dispersion Coeff (m2/y): 3.8461E+03 Y Dispersion Coeff (m2/y): 7.6922E+02
   NOTE: Concentrations and Doses Reported in Order of the Decay Chain
   NOTE: Progeny Concentrations are Reported at the Time of the Maximum Parent Concentration
 Peak Concentration (Ci/m**3):
                                                                           0.000E+00 0.000E+00 0.000E+00 0.000E+00
0.000E+00
 Time of Peak (y):
                                                                           3.1296E+06
 0.000E+00
 Maximum Dose:
                                                                           0.000E+00 0.000E+00 0.000E+00 0.000E+00
0.000E+00
 Total Dose (all members):
                                                                             0.000E+00
 Maximum allowable inventory is infinite
 Contaminant Data
  Contaminant Name:

Number of Progeny:

Progeny Names:

U-235

Pa-231

Ac-227

Half Life (y):

Other Source Loss Rate (1/y):

Kd Source (ml/g):

Solubility Limit (mg/L):

Molecular Weight (mg/L):

Initial mass/activity:

Initial mass/activity:

Kd Unsat (ml/g):

Kd Aquifer (ml/g):

Solubility Limit

Solubility Limit (mg/L):

1.000E+06

Molecular Weight (mg/L):

1.000E+00

Kd Unsat (ml/g):

1.400E+02

Kd Aquifer (ml/g):

Solubility Limit (mg/L):

1.400E+02

Risk/Dose Conversion Factor:

3.160E+02 4.700E+01 1.490E+02 6.260E+02
 Calculated Contaminant Values
 Decay Constants (1/y):

Leach Rate Constant (1/y):

Leach Rate Constant (1/y):

Initial Pore Water Conc (Ci or mg/m**3):

Solubility Limited Mass (mg):

Solubility Limited Act (Ci):

2.8761E-05 9.8500E-10 2.1158E-05 3.1840E-02

2.2221E-06

4.1314E+15

2.5664E+11
Solubility Limited Act (Ci): 2.5664E+11
Unsaturated Retardation Factor: 6.6861E+02
Mean Unsaturated Transit Time (y): 1.5165E+05
Leading Edge Arrival Time (y): 2.9753E+04
Aquifer Retardation Factor: 2.335E+02 1
Minimum Peak Window Time (y): 2.9775E+04
Maximum Peak Window Time (y): 3.2710E+06
                                                                            2.335E+02 1.096E+01 9.144E+02 7.483E+02
       _____
 Results for Receptor X = 1.21450E+02 Y = 0.00000E+00
 X Dispersion Coeff (m2/y): 3.8461E+03 Y Dispersion Coeff (m2/y): 7.6922E+02 NOTE: Concentrations and Doses Reported in Order of the Decay Chain
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NOTE: Progeny Concentrations are Reported at the Time of the Maximum Parent Concentration
   Peak Concentration (Ci/m**3): 2.255E-14 2.212E-15 2.454E-17 2.998E-17 Time of Peak (y): 1.7068E+05
  | 1.7068E+05 | Concentrations Averaged Between: | 1.7068E+05 and 1.7069E+05 years | Average Concentration (Ci/m**3): | 2.255E-14 | 2.212E-15 | 2.454E-17 | 2.998E-17 | Maximum Dose: | 1.497E-10 | 2.183E-12 | 7.678E-14 | 3.942E-13 | 1.523E-10 | Maximum Allowable Inventory (Ci): | 6.565E+03
   Contaminant Data
   Contaminant Name: Pu-240
Number of Progeny: 4
Progeny Names: U-236 Th-232 Ra-228 Th-228
Half Life (y): 6.560E+03 2.342E+07 1.410E+10 5.750E+00 1.910E+00
Other Source Loss Rate (1/y): 0.000E+00
Kd Source (ml/g): 5.000E+03
Solubility Limit (mg/L): 1.000E+06
Molecular Weight (mg/L): 2.400E+02
Initial mass/activity: 1.000E+00
Kd Unsat (ml/g): 1.400E+02
Kd Aquifer (ml/g): 5.600E+00 2.400E-01 4.000E+00 4.000E+00 Risk/Dose Conversion Factor: 3.150E+02 4.210E+01 3.280E+01 2.480E+02 2.310E+02
   Calculated Contaminant Values
  Decay Constants (1/y):
                                                                                                                                       1.0566E-04 2.9596E-08 4.9159E-11 1.2055E-01
3.6290E-01
  Leach Rate Constant (1/y): 2.2221E-06
Initial Pore Water Conc (Ci or mg/m**3): 2.4205E-07
Solubility Limited Mass (mg): 4.1314E+15
Solubility Limited Act (Ci): 9.3889E+11
 Unsaturated Retardation Factor: 6.6861E+02
Mean Unsaturated Transit Time (y): 8.5117E+04
Leading Edge Arrival Time (y): 2.9753E+04
Aquifer Retardation Factor: 2.335E+02 1.096E+01 1.671E+02 1.671E+02 1.671E+02
Minimum Peak Window Time (y): 2.9775E+04
Maximum Peak Window Time (y): 3.2045E+06
   Results for Receptor X = 1.21450E+02 Y = 0.00000E+00
   X Dispersion Coeff (m2/y): 3.8461E+03 Y Dispersion Coeff (m2/y): 7.6922E+02
     NOTE: Concentrations and Doses Reported in Order of the Decay Chain
     NOTE: Progeny Concentrations are Reported at the Time of the Maximum Parent Concentration
   Peak Concentration (Ci/m**3):
                                                                                                                               2.523E-18 2.107E-16 5.508E-23 5.508E-23
5.508E-23
  Time of Peak (y): 9.0379E+04

Concentrations Averaged Between: 9.0364E+04 and 9.0394E+04 years

Average Concentration (Ci/m**3): 2.523E-18 2.107E-16 5.508E-23 5.508E-23
5.508E-23
  Maximum Dose:
                                                                                                                                    1.669E-14 1.863E-13 3.794E-20 2.868E-19
2.672E-19
   Total Dose (all members):
                                                                                                                                        2.030E-13
   Maximum Allowable Inventory (Ci): 4.926E+06
   Contaminant Data
    Contaminant Name: Tc-99

Number of Progeny: 0

Half Life (y): 2.111E+05

Other Source Loss Rate (1/y): 0.000E+00

Kd Source (ml/g): 1.000E+03

Solubility Limit (mg/L): 1.000E+06

Molecular Weight (mg/L): 9.900E+01

Initial mass/activity: 1.000E+00

Kd Unsat (ml/g): 2.000E-01

Kd Aquifer (ml/g): 8.000E-03

Risk/Dose Conversion Factor: 1.400E+00
     Kd Aquifer (ml/g): 8.000E-03
Risk/Dose Conversion Factor: 1.400E+00
   Calculated Contaminant Values
 Decay Constants (1/y):
Leach Rate Constant (1/y):
Initial Pore Water Conc (Ci or mg/m**3):
Solubility Limited Mass (mg):
Solubility Limited Act (Ci):
Unsaturated Retardation Factor:
Mean Unsaturated Transit Time (y):

Indicate Sede Arrival Time (y):
Solubility Limited Act (Ci):
Solubility Limited Act (Ci)
   Decay Constants (1/y):
                                                                                      3.2835E-06
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Aquifer Retardation Factor: 1.332E+00
Minimum Peak Window Time (y): 8.7067E+01
Maximum Peak Window Time (y): 6.2507E+05
Aguifer Retardation Factor:
                                                                                 1.332E+00
Results for Receptor X = 1.21450E+02 Y = 0.00000E+00
   -----
X Dispersion Coeff (m2/y): 3.8461E+03 Y Dispersion Coeff (m2/y): 7.6922E+02
Peak Concentration (Ci/m**3): 5.359E-10
Time of Peak (v): 3.9566E+03
Time of Peak (y):
                                                                                3.9566E+03
Time of Peak (y):

Concentrations Averaged Between:

Average Concentration (Ci/m**3):

Maximum Dose:

3.9416E+03 and 3.9716E+03 years
5.359E-10
1.575E-08
Maximum Allowable Inventory (Ci): 6.347E+01
 Contaminant Data
 Contaminant Name: U-234

Number of Progeny: 3

Progeny Names: Th-230 Ra-226 Pb-210

Half Life (y): 2.450E+05 7.540E+04 1.600E+03 2.230E+01

Other Source Loss Rate (1/y): 0.000E+00

Kd Source (ml/g): 2.000E+03

Solubility Limit (mg/L): 1.000E+06

Molecular Weight (mg/L): 2.340E+02

Initial mass/activity: 1.000E+00

Kd Unsat (ml/g): 6.000E+00

Kd Aquifer (ml/g): 2.400E-01 4.000E+00 4.000E+00 4.000E+00

Risk/Dose Conversion Factor: 4.440E+01 3.750E+01 2.960E+02 1.010E+03
     ______
 Calculated Contaminant Values
                                                    2.8292E-06 9.1929E-06 4.3322E-04 3.1083E-02 5.5550E-06
 Decay Constants (1/y):
Leach Rate Constant (1/y):
Leach Rate Constant (1/y):

Initial Pore Water Conc (Ci or mg/m**3):

Solubility Limited Mass (mg):

Solubility Limited Act (Ci):

Unsaturated Retardation Factor:

Mean Unsaturated Transit Time (y):

Leading Edge Arrival Time (y):

Aquifer Retardation Factor:

Minimum Peak Window Time (y):

Maximum Peak Window Time (y):

Descriptor Y = 1 21450F+02 Y = 0.00000F+00
 Results for Receptor X = 1.21450E+02 Y = 0.00000E+00
                                  X Dispersion Coeff (m2/y): 3.8461E+03 Y Dispersion Coeff (m2/y): 7.6922E+02 NOTE: Concentrations and Doses Reported in Order of the Decay Chairm
   NOTE: Progeny Concentrations are Reported at the Time of the Maximum Parent Concentration
 Peak Concentration (Ci/m**3): 2.093E-10 4.461E-12 4.258E-12 4.255E-12 Time of Peak (y): 4.0011E+04
Time of Peak (y):

Concentrations Averaged Between:

Average Concentration (Ci/m**3):

Maximum Dose:

Total Dose (all members):

Maximum Allowable Inventory (Ci):

4.0011E+04

3.9996E+04 and 4.0026E+04 years

4.255E-12

4.255E-12

4.255E-12

4.255E-12

3.154E-07

3.154E-07

3.170E+00
  Contaminant Name: U-235

Number of Progeny: 2

Progeny Names: Pa-231 Ac-227

Half Life (y): 7.040E+08 3.280E+04 2.180E+01

Other Source Loss Rate (1/y): 0.000E+00

Kd Source (ml/g): 2.000E+03

Solubility Limit (mg/L): 1.000E+06

Molecular Weight (mg/L): 2.350E+02

Initial mass/activity: 1.000E+00

Kd Unsat (ml/g): 6.000E+00

Kd Aquifer (ml/g): 2.400E-01 2.200E+01 1.800E+01

Risk/Dose Conversion Factor: 4.700E+01 1.490E+02 6.260E+02
 Calculated Contaminant Values
                                                       9.8458E-10 2.1133E-05 3.1796E-02
 Decay Constants (1/y):
Leach Rate Constant (1/y): 5.5550E-06
Initial Pore Water Conc (Ci or mg/m**3): 6.0508E-07
Solubility Limited Mass (mg): 1.6527E+15
Solubility Limited Act (Ci): 3.5742E+06
Unsaturated Retardation Factor: 2.9612E+01
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Mean Unsaturated Transit Time (y): 1.6850E+04
Leading Edge Arrival Time (y): 1.3177E+03
Aquifer Retardation Factor: 1.096E+01
Minimum Peak Window Time (y): 1.3188E+03
Maximum Peak Window Time (y): 1.2646E+06
                                                                   1.096E+01 9.144E+02 7.483E+02
1.3188E+03
 Results for Receptor X = 1.21450E+02 Y = 0.00000E+00
 X Dispersion Coeff (m2/y): 3.8461E+03 Y Dispersion Coeff (m2/y): 7.6922E+02 NOTE: Concentrations and Doses Reported in Order of the Decay Chain
   NOTE: Progeny Concentrations are Reported at the Time of the Maximum Parent Concentration
 Peak Concentration (Ci/m**3): 2.357E-10 1.713E-12 2.092E-12 Time of Peak (\gamma): 4.4084E+04
 Time of Peak (y):

Concentrations Averaged Between:

Average Concentration (Ci/m**3):

Maximum Dose:

4.4069E+04 and 4.4099E+04 years
2.357E-10 1.713E-12 2.092E-12
2.326E-07 5.359E-09 2.750E-08
 Maximum Dose: 2.326E-07
Total Dose (all members): 2.655E-07
Maximum Allowable Inventory (Ci): 3.767E+00
                                                                     2.655E-07
       Contaminant Data
  Contaminant Name: U-238

Number of Progeny: 4

Progeny Names: U-234 Th-230 Ra-226 Pb-210

Half Life (y): 4.470E+09 2.450E+05 7.540E+04 1.600E+03 2.230E+01

Other Source Loss Rate (1/y): 0.000E+00

Kd Source (ml/g): 2.000E+03

Solubility Limit (mg/L): 1.000E+06

Molecular Weight (mg/L): 2.380E+02

Initial mass/activity: 1.000E+00

Kd Unsat (ml/g): 6.000E+00

Kd Aquifer (ml/g): 2.400E-01 2.400E-01 4.000E+00 4.000E+00

Risk/Dose Conversion Factor: 6.200E+01 4.440E+01 3.750E+01 2.960E+02 1.010E+03
          -----
 Calculated Contaminant Values
 Decay Constants (1/y):
                                                                   1.5507E-10 2.8292E-06 9.1929E-06 4.3322E-04
3.1083E-02
 Leach Rate Constant (1/y):
Leach Rate Constant (1/y):

Initial Pore Water Conc (Ci or mg/m**3):

Solubility Limited Mass (mg):

Solubility Limited Act (Ci):

Unsaturated Retardation Factor:

Mean Unsaturated Transit Time (y):

Leading Edge Arrival Time (y):

Aquifer Retardation Factor:

Minimum Peak Window Time (y):

Maximum Peak Window Time (y):

Passilts for Pecentor V = 1 2145/F102 V = 0.0000/F100
                                                                    5.5550E-06
 Results for Receptor X = 1.21450E+02 Y = 0.00000E+00
 X Dispersion Coeff (m2/y): 3.8461E+03 Y Dispersion Coeff (m2/y): 7.6922E+02
  NOTE: Concentrations and Doses Reported in Order of the Decay Chain
  NOTE: Progeny Concentrations are Reported at the Time of the Maximum Parent Concentration
 Peak Concentration (Ci/m**3):
                                                      2.357E-10 2.764E-11 3.288E-13 2.985E-13
2.981E-13
 Concentrations Averaged Between: 4.4086E+04
4.4071E+04 and 4.4101E+04 years
Average Concentration (Ci/m**3): 2.357E-10 2.764E-11 3 288E-13
                                                                   2.357E-10 2.764E-11 3.288E-13 2.985E-13
2.981E-13
 Maximum Dose:
                                                                   3.069E-07 2.577E-08 2.589E-10 1.856E-09
6.323E-09
 Total Dose (all members):
                                                                     3.411E-07
 Total Dose (all members): 3.411E-07
Maximum Allowable Inventory (Ci): 2.932E+00
Execution Time (Seconds):5
```